The Adams Sentinel.

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ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT."—*Washington.*

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Choice Poetry.

AN ANGEL BY THE HEARTH.

They tell me unseen spirits
Around about us glide;
Beside the stilly waters
Our erring foot-steps guide.
'Tis pleasant thus believing
Their ministry on earth;
I know an angel sitteth
This moment on my hearth.

If false lights, on life's waters,
To wreck my soul, appear,
With finger upward pointing,
She turns it with a sear;
'Twere base to slight the warning,
And count it little worth,
Of her, the loving angel,
That sitteth by my hearth.

She wins me with caresses
From passion's dark defiles;
She guides me when I falter
And strengthens me with smiles;
It may be unseen angels,
Beside me journey forth
I know that one is sitting
This moment by my hearth.

A loving wife! Oh! brothers,
An angel here below;
Alas! your eyes are holden
Too often 'till they go;
Ye upward look while grieving,
When they have passed from earth.
Oh! cherish well those sitting
This moment by the hearth.

CAST IN THY MITE.

He who gives little from his store,
If little be his means,
Treads on as for the heavenward shore
As he who gives ten times the more—
If ten times more his gains
He may be useful here who would,
And walk within a zone of light;
There is a treasury of good:—
Cast in thy mite!

Thou may'st not have one piece of gold
To bless the poor man's palm;
But angels will with joy behold,
If thou hast words which can be told
His troubled heart to calm;
For kind words are as honied streams,
And he, the walker of the sod,
Who gives them to his brother, seems,
A messenger from God

If thou dost see the fatherless,
And watch the widow's tears;
Dry up the fountains of distress,
Be thou the father quick to bless,
The husband ever near;
Though down they slide Misfortune's slope,
They live not in a starless night;
They have a treasury of hope:—
Cast in thy mite!

Miscellaneous.

Domestic Endearments.

I hold it indeed to be a sure sign of a mind not poised as it ought to be, if it be insensible to the pleasure of home, to the little joys and endearments of a family, to the affection of relations, to the fidelity of domestics.

Next to being well with his own conscience, the friendship and attachment of a man's family and dependents seem to me one of the most comfortable circumstances of his lot. His situation, with regard to either, forms that sort of bosom comfort or disquiet, that sticks close to him at all times and seasons, and which, though he may now and then forget it, amid the bustle of public or the hurry of active life, will resume its place in his thoughts and its permanent effects on his happiness, at every pause of ambition or of happiness.

Simplicity in Dress.

Those who think that in order to dress well, it is necessary to dress extravagantly or grandly, make a great mistake. Nothing so well becomes true feminine beauty as simplicity. We have seen many a remarkably fine person robbed of its true effect by being over dressed. Nothing is more unbecoming than overloading beauty. The stern simplicity of the classic tastes is seen in the old statues and pictures painted by men of superior artistic genius. In Athens, the ladies were not gaudily, but simply arrayed, and we doubt whether any ladies ever excited more admiration. So also the noble Old Roman matrons, whose superb forms were gazed on delightedly by men worthy of them, were always very plainly dressed. Fashion often presents the hues of the butterfly, but fashion is not a classic goddess.—[*George D. Prentice.*

☞The more tenderly and warmly one loves, so much more does he discover in himself defects rather than charms, that render him not worthy of the beloved.—Thus are our little faults first made known to us, when we have ascended the higher steps of religion. The more we satisfy the demands of conscience, the stronger they become. Love and religion are here like the sun. By mere daylight and torchlight, the air of the apartment is pure and undisturbed by a single particle; but let in a sunbeam, and how much dust and motes are hovering about!

☞The light of love is ever beautiful amid scenes of sorrow; and as the moonbeams seem holier and more tender round a ruin or a churchyard than the festive halls, so is affection purer and brighter when bestowed upon the wretched than when attracted by youth and happiness.

☞Nothing is so dangerous as to pretend to be in love with a woman—the reality is sure to follow.

"My Wife is the Cause of It."

It is now more than forty years ago that Mr. L—— called at the house of Dr B—— one very cold morning, on his way to H——. "Sir," said the Doctor, "the weather is very frosty; will you not take 'something to drink,' before you start?"

In that early day, ardent spirits were deemed indispensible to warmth in winter. When commencing a journey, and at every stopping place along the road, the traveler always used intoxicating drinks to keep him warm.

"No," said Mr. L——, "I never touch anything of the kind, and I will tell you the reason, *my wife is the cause of it.* I had been in the habit of meeting some of our neighbors every evening, for the purpose of playing cards. We assembled at each others' shop, and liquors were introduced. After awhile we met not so much for playing as drinking, and I used to return home late in the evening more or less intoxicated. My wife always met me at the door affectionately, and when I chided her for sitting up so late for me, she kindly replied, 'I prefer doing so, for I cannot sleep when you are out.'

"This always troubled me; I wished in my heart that she would only begin to scold me, for then I could have retorted and relieved my conscience. But she always met me, with the same gentle and loving spirit.

"Things passed on thus for some time, when I at last resolved that I would, by remaining very late and returning much intoxicated, provoke her displeasure so much as to cause her to lecture me, when I meant to answer her with severity, and thus by creating another issue between us, unburden my bosom of its present trouble.'

"I returned in such a plight about four o'clock in the morning She met me at the door with her usual tenderness, and said, 'Come in, husband; I have just been making a warm fire for you, because I knew you would be cold. Take off your boots and warm your feet, and here is a cup of hot coffee.'

"Doctor, that was too much. I could not endure it any longer, and I resolved that moment that I would never touch another drop while I lived, and I never will."

He never did. He lived and died practicing total abstinence from all intoxicating drinks, in a village where intemperance has ravaged as much as any other in this State.

That man was my father, and that woman my mother. The fact above related I received from the doctor himself, when on a visit to my native village, not long since.

May we not safely assert, that were there more wives like my blessed mother, there would be fewer confirmed drunkards.

Home and a Wife on Saturday Night.

Happy is a man who has a little home and a little angel in it of a Saturday night. A house no matter how little, provided it will hold two or so—no matter how humbly furnished, provided there is hope in it—let the winds blow: close the curtains!

What, if they are calico, or plain white without border, tassel, or anything! Let the rain come down—heap up the fire! No matter if you haven't a candle to bless yourself with, for what a beautiful light glowing coals makes, reddening, clouding, shedding a sunset through the little room, just enough to talk by—not loud as in the highways: not rapid as in the hurrying world; but softly, whisperingly, with pauses between, for the storm without and the thought within to fill up.

Then wheel the sofa round before the fire—no matter if the sofa is a settee, uncushioned at that, if so be it is just long enough for two, or say two and a half, with the two or two and a half in it.

Under such circumstances, and at such a time, one can get at least sixty-nine and a half statute miles nearer "kingdom come," than any other point in this world laid down in "Malte Brun."—*Newport Times.*

Whispering in Company.

This habit, so often indulged in by many young ladies, in presence of friends or strangers, savors strongly of rudeness, if not of gross ignorance. The vainest being, the most conceited, or the most perfect, suffers alike under that emancipation from the government of true politeness. We cannot help, though perfect we may imagine ourselves, to consider ourselves the theme of a merry whisper, and the pain rankling in our wounded self-love leaves a thorn which sooner or later will sting the aggressors, and prove a thorn to them. Whispering in the presence of strangers, without some cogent apology, is therefore entirely out of place, and should be avoided.—*National Intelligencer.*

Vulgar Words.

There is as much connection between the thoughts and words as between the soul and body; the latter have the power to react upon the soul and leave the stain of corruption there. A young man who allows himself to use one profane or vulgar word, has not only shown there is a foul spot on his mind, but by the utterance of that word he extends that spot and inflames it, till by indulgence it will soon pollute and ruin the whole soul. Be careful of your words as well as your thoughts. If you control the tongue that no improper words are pronounced by it, you will soon be able to control the mind and save it from corruption. You extinguish the fire by smothering it, or prevent bad thoughts bursting out in language. Never utter a word anywhere, which you would be ashamed to speak in the presence of the most religious man.—Try this practice a little, and you will soon have command of yourself.

THE OLD BONNET.

BY MRS C. W. HARPER.

It was a bleak chilly day in November. The wind went wailing like a living thing among the naked trees, and dying away in hollow murmurs through the leaf-bestrewn valleys.

But in the parlor of Mr. Birdlong all was as cheerful as May. A fire in the grate cast a genial warmth through the richly furnished room, and the light from the sombre sky stole in through heavy damask curtains, casting a crimson shade over everything—over the soft richly plied carpet—the nicely polished chairs, sofas and tables, and even staining to a deeper glow the cheeks of two young girls, who sat with some net work in their hands before the fire

They sat and gossiped about the dress, manners and habits of the various individuals whom they knew They were the daughters of a rich merchant, and had just made their entrance into the world.

"I think," said Susie Birdlong, the elder of the two, "that Jane Dixon, to whom we were introduced at Mrs. Byers' yesterday, can't be much. Did you notice her dress? Her gloves fitted her hand well enough, but she has, I dare say, worn them a dozen times before, and her bonnet looked as though old Madame Noah might have worn it in the Ark. She had but little to say, I noticed, and I considered that proof positive, that she can't talk, for when people can talk they generally do. At any rate, I don't like the looks of her bonnet; and I mean to cut her acquaintance, let who will visit her." Her sister smiled an approving smile, and then the two proceeded to dissect the character of others.

But let us turn to Miss Dixon, the young lady who had drawn upon herself censure, by daring to wear an antique article of dress. She sat upon the same morning in which we have introduced the Misses Birdlong to the reader's notice, in a parlor equally well furnished—equally cheerful, and in her hands, strange to tell, was the very bonnet—the old fashioned bonnet, which might have belonged to Mrs. Noah. She was turning it around and contemplating the appearance of its faded ribbons.—Every now and then, as a wilder blast swept by, she raised her head with an anxious expression upon her face to listen.—Once she laid down the bonnet, and went to the window to look out.

"It is a bitter day," she said to herself, mentally. "I wonder how that poor Irish family, the McCarties, will get along? I think that I must go over and see after them. Let me think! If I can manage to wear my old bonnet another winter, I can afford to buy wood for them, and by curtailing some other expenses, I could send those two other children to school. Once educated they could furnish education to the young members of the family. As it is, all are growing up in idleness and mischief. I think I must try to do this. But that old bonnet does look shabby. Yet I can repair it, by retrimming it until it will look neat, and why need I care if it does not look fine? Those who know and love me, will not care what kind of a bonnet I wear—those who do not know me, certainly need not concern themselves about my dress. I think that I shall manage to wear it." So saying she went back to the seat—took up the unconscious object of the soliloquy, and after re-trimming it, went out to look after the McCarties.

In the Irishman's hovel she was received with clamorous demonstrations of joy.—Her face became as radiant with good humor and benevolence as an angel's. She bought the wood and entered the children's names at school.

On her way home she met Susie Birdlong, accompanied by several fashionable acquaintances, not one of whom chose to recognize her. Had she been fashionably dressed, the result would have been different.

Was she a gainer or loser by wearing that old bonnet? Her own happy heart, as she mounted the steps of her father's mansion, and took it carefully off, whispered "a *gainer.*" The angels, those bright intelligences, who, bending from the Mount of God, keep watch over the actions of men, and shout to each other for joy when they see mortals "*bearing one another's burdens,*" and fulfilling the "law of love," shouted in one united chorus, then, we fancy, "a gainer." but Susie Birdlong, and several individuals belonging to her highly aristocratic circles, thought otherwise.—*Madison Family Visitor.*

☞It is well known that Mr. Webster was a keen sportsman. When he went out gunning it was a frequent practice to wander alone in search of birds to a considerable distance from home, and to places where he was quite unknown. On one occasion, as he was shooting on a piece of ground covered with swamps, and with many crecks running through it, two dandy sportsmen thus accosted him: "Here, old chap, we can't get over this creek; if you'll carry us over on your back, we'll give you a quarter apiece." "Done," said the person thus accosted; and forthwith he carried them across one after the other. "There's your money," said one of them; "you seem a smart feller, what's your name?" "Daniel Webster," was the reply. The youths looked at him, saw such was the case, and apologized. "Never mind," remarked Mr. Webster, "you're not the first fools I've got out of a difficulty, but I'll keep your quarters as a curiosity." And it is said they form a portion of the private cabinet of curiosities at Marshfield.

☞The authorities of Hartford, Ct., have prohibited theatrical exhibitions in that city.

TELL YOUR WIFE.

Yes, the only way is to tell your wife just how you stand. Show her your balance sheet. Let her look over the items. You think it will hurt her feelings. No, it won't do any such thing. She has been taught to believe that money was with you just as little boys think it is with their fathers—terribly hard to be reached, but inexhaustible She has had her suspicions already. She has guessed you were not so prosperous as you talked. But you have so befogged your money affairs that she, poor thing, knows nothing about them.—Tell it right out to her that you are living outside of your income. Take her into partnership, and I'll warrant you'll never regret it. There may be a slight shower at first, but that's natural. Let her see your estimate, and when you come home again she will show you that you have put *her* bills too high. True, she had an eighteen dollar bonnet last winter, but "it is just as good as ever; a few shillings will provide it with new strings, and refit it a little; the shape" she says, "is almost exactly as they wear them now." And you will be surprised to see how much less expensive she can make your own wardrobe. She will surprise you with a new vest—not exactly unfamiliar, some how, looking as if you had seen it in another shape before—yet new as a vest, and scarcely costing a dollar where you had allowed five. Old cravats will experience a resurrection in her hands, coming out so rejuvenated that nobody but those that are let into the secret would suspect that they are old friends in new shapes. The gown you were going to buy—out of what forgotten chest she has gathered the materials you cannot imagine—but there it is, comfortable and warm, and just the thing you wanted for the long winter evenings that are coming on as fast as the almanac will let them.

You will find a wonderful change in her tastes and appetites. Whereas, she always fancied what was a little out of season or just coming into market; now, if beef is dear, she thinks "boiled mutton is delightful, as tender as chicken." If lamb rises, and fish are plenty, she thinks, "a striped bass is so good occasionally," and always insists on having it on Fridays. Whereas, before, she *must* hear all the musical celebrities—now she is "out of all patience with these foreign singers. If Jenny Lind were to return and sing some of our own sweet airs, she'd like to hear her. But she has had enough of Italian extravagance, all written on the leger lines below and above, as if it were a sin to tarry long on the common staff."

Before you have thought much about it you will find yourself spending most of your evenings at home, and such evenings, too—so full of domestic enjoyment and fireside pleasures, that you will look with wonder on the record of last year's expenses, and marvel that you found time or relish for the costly entertainments that so seriously taxed your port monnaie.

My dear friend, if like Spain, your outgoes threaten to exceed your income, be sure and tell your wife of it. Not in a tone or manner that will lead her to think you don't want her to buy furs this winter, but just as if you wanted a counsellor in the day of your trouble. And if she does not come up, heart and soul, and most successfully to your relief, put me down for no prophet, and her for no worthy specimen of a Yankee lass.—*New York Times.*

A Good Suggestion.

We see it suggested that, as the winter has set in, and our farmers will have more or less leisure at their command, they could appropriate with advantage a portion of it in transplanting shade trees from the woods, around their buildings, as many of them look bare and forlorn, and want shade against the heat in summer, and protection against the northern blasts in winter. The idea is a very good one; for although there will be somewhat more labor in transplanting trees when the ground is frozen, or partly so, than in the autumn or spring, yet there is more certainty when done in the midst of winter, than at any other period of the year. Should there be snow on the ground, so that a sled can be used for conveying the trees from the woods, so much the better, as it will save much labor. Trees of large size can be transplanted when the ground is frozen, by taking with them a good ball of the frozen ground, which should not be broken or disturbed in the operation. The maples and tulip poplars of our forests, cannot be surpassed for beauty or for shading, and they will bear transplanting in this way without danger. Our cedars, including the juniper and other varieties, can also, in the same manner, be safely removed, and the most attractive evergreens be thus secured, with proper attention, that our country can boast. Will not some of our friends try this experiment, and let us know the result?—*Germantown Telegraph.*

Frozen Potatoes.—The Rural New Yorker says, that a potato, if frozen, and instantly put into cold water, does not recover, but is totally changed, and becomes a flaccid sack of unsavory, gummy matter, of a very disagreeable odor; but if, while in a frozen state, they are thrown, one by one, into water constantly boiling, they are in no way affected, and are as edible as when first taken from the earth.

Early Winter in Iowa.—It is stated that winter has not set in so early in the season in Iowa during the last twelve years as it has this year. Snow has covered the ground since the 10th day of November, and the weather since has been characterized by the rigorous cold of winter.

Despising Household Duties.

From a variety of causes nothing is more common than to find American women who have not the slightest idea of household duties. A writer thus alludes to this subject:

"In the neglect of household cares American women stand alone. A German lady, no matter how lofty her rank, never forgets that domestic labors conduce to health of body and mind alike. An English lady, whether she be only a gentleman's wife or a duke's, does not despise the household, and even though she has a housekeeper, devotes a portion of her time to this, her true, her happiest sphere. It is reserved for our republican fine ladies to be more choice than even their monarchical and aristocratic sisters. The result is a lassitude of mind, often as fatal to health as the neglect of bodily exercise. The wife who leaves her household cares to the servants, pays the penalty which has been affixed to idleness since the foundation of the world, and either wilts away from ennui, or is driven into all sorts of fashionable follies to find employment for her mind."

☞The genius of the Cleveland Plaindealer is about as profound as "Seth Stokes, the man who knew how to manage the women." Hear him:—

Look Out for the Women.

Young men! keep your eye peeled when you are after the women.—If you bite at the naked hook, you *are* green. Is a pretty dress or form so attractive? Or a pretty face even? Flounces, boy, are of no sort of consequence. A pretty face will grow old. Paint will wash off. The sweet smile of the flirt will give way to the scowl of the termagant. The neat form will be pitched into dirty calico. Another and a far different being will take the place of the lovely goddess who smiled sweet smiles and eat your sugar candy.

Keep your eye peeled, boy, when you are after the women. If the little dear is cross and scolds at her mother in the back room, you may be sure *you* will get particular fits all around the house. If she blushes when found at the wash tub with sleeves rolled up, be sure, sir, that she is of the cod-fish aristocracy; little breeding and less sense. If you marry a gal who knows nothing but to commit woman slaughter upon the piano, you have got the poorest piece of music ever got up. Find the one whose *mind* is right and then pitch in.—Don't be hanging round like a sheep thief, as though ashamed to be seen in the day time, but walk up like a chicken to the dough and ask for the article like a man.

☞A laughable case of cooping occurred in Burkettsville, Frederick county, Md., on the day of the recent election. Mr. —— and Mr. ——, two substantial friends of Pierce, each with a wife, unflinching in their attachment to Gen. Scott, had occasion to go into a room in the residence of one of the parties, when the wife *turned the key upon them,* and declared her intention not to let them out to attend the election, unless they promised to vote for Gen. Scott.—This, of course, they would not consent to do, and consequently remained *cooped* until they were satisfied that they would not be released in time to attend the polls. After every entreaty for freedom had failed, the cooped husbands determined to effect their escape by a *Sam Patch* leap from the window to the porch, which they succeeded in doing.—*Boonsboro' Odd Fellow.*

☞We are informed that a gentleman in "fair and regular standing" in the congregation of one of our city churches, entered Tolman's music store a day or two since, and stated his wishes in this wise:

"Have you Solomon's Song? I want to get a copy."

"No, no," said the salesman, not being able to recollect at the moment any lithographed sheet with that title. "No, I am afraid not."

"Ah," said the amateur, drawing on his kid, "perhaps it isn't out yet. Our pastor spoke of it last Sunday as a production of great genius and beauty, and I want my daughter to learn it."

The shopman, with what gravity he could command, regretted that he had no copies in yet, and the customer left just in season to save the vest buttons of the bookkeeper at the desk.—*Sunday News.*

☞The Milwaukie News is responsible for the following. It has the air of truth, and is funny enough to last a fortnight:

"A friend of ours, who possessed a quiet vein of humor, was recently on a visit to Maryland, and relates an amusing account of a 'colored chorus,' witnessed by the 'relator' at one of the African churches.—The masculine darkies were arranged 'like four and twenty black-birds all in a row,' on one side, and the females on the other. The latter commenced the chorus with 'Oh! for a man—oh! for a man—oh! for a mansion in the skies:' to which the former responded; 'Send down sal—send down sal—send down salvation to my soul."

☞"Who made you?" inquired a lady teacher of a bubberly boy, who had lately joined her class.

"I don't know," said he.

"Not know? You ought to be ashamed of yourself. A boy fourteen years old!—Why there's little Dicky Filton—he is only three—he can tell, I dare say. Come here. Dicky—who made you?"

"Dod!" lisped the infant prodigy.

"There," said the teacher triumphantly, "I knew he would remember"

"Well, he oughter," said the stupid boy; "taint but a little while since he was made."

☞It is better to sow a young heart with generous thoughts and deeds than a field with corn, since the heart's harvest is perpetual.

Advertising.

The New York Sunday Courier, in illustration of the benefits of advertising, mentions a very worthy old gentleman, by the name of Rattleburn, who was apprehensive that he had not a single relative in the world. Feeling very lonely and uncomfortable, he published an advertisement desiring all who could claim kindred with the Rattleburn family to step forward, as there was a fortune of $150,000 to be divided among them. In less than twenty-four hours he was visited by no less than six aunts, fourteen uncles, fifty-four nephews, ninety-three nieces, and one hundred and forty-eight cousins, whom he never imagined to exist until they were brought forward by his advertisement. After such a convincing proof of the efficacy of advertising, surely no one can be found to dispute its value to business men. Let those concerned bear the above remarkable fact in mind, and profit by the happy experience of old Mr. Rattleburn.

☞The Chicago Tribune heads the following paragraph "A Noble Example," and with reason:

The other day, having need of help from a drayman, we called an Irishman to our assistance. He performed his duty with great promptness, and his language and demeanor generally were such, as to command our admiration. Having paid him for his trouble, the following conversation ensued: "How long have you been in this city?" we inquired. "Twelve months to-morrow, sir," he politely replied "Pray, what was your occupation in the old country?"—For a moment the man colored and dropped his head, but in an instant after, raising himself with the dignity of a man, he boldly replied: "I was a physician in Dublin." Somewhat surprised, we asked how it was that he was now driving a dray. His reply in substance was, that he brought his family direct from Dublin to Chicago; that when he arrived here his funds were so much exhausted that he was unable to maintain the appearance of his profession; besides, he found the city full of young physicians waiting till the city grew.—Having no mechanical trade, he purchased a horse and dray, and at once began to earn a livelihood for himself and family. We call this a noble specimen of a man. How much more independent and happy that man had spent the year than if he had been idle and complaining of fortune all that time.

☞In one of the courts yesterday, several ladies happened to be congregated in one part of the court-room, having been summoned as witnesses in cases fixed for trial. Having waited an unconscionable long while on the slow movements of the blind goddess, they began a little conversation for their own private entertainment, when the Court very blandly observed:—"Those ladies yonder must cease their consultation. I am aware that this is a very irksome place for ladies, because here they have to keep their tongues still."—*N. Y. Picayune 13th ult.*

Go it, Boots.—In a University in Virginia some years ago the students' *boots* were proscribed, from the fact that they sent them to be *tapped* so often. It was found that they were sent with a *bottle* in them, and required *tapping,* oftener than the interests of the institution allowed.

☞"Cato, what do you suppose is the reason that the sun goes to the south in the winter?"

"Well I don't know massa, unless he no stands de 'clemency of de norf, and so am 'bliged to go to de souf, where he sperience warmer longimitude."

☞An Irishman having arrived from Dublin at the house of a respectable merchant in the borough, and having left Ireland *three weeks* before, brought with him a basket of eggs; his friend asked him why he took the trouble to bring eggs from Ireland to England? "*Because,*" said he. "*I am fond of them new laid, and I know these to be so.*"

What He Should Say.—"What, Mr. Speaker, what shall I say to my constituents?" exclaimed a wrathful member of Congress on the passage of a bill to which he was opposed. "What shall I say?" he repeated, but found it impossible to get beyond the interrogatory.

"Tell them," replied the waggish Speaker, "that you tried to make a speech, but couldn't."

Swearing.—A pious man once being in company where was a gentleman who frequently used the words, devil, deuce, etc., and at last took the name of God in vain, said, "Stop, sir! I said nothing while you only used freedom with th name of your master, but I insist upon it you shall use no such freedom with the name of mine."

A Tale-Bearer.—The Bible, in the following sentiment, has a pretty good idea of that pest of society, a tale-bearer: "Set a watch over thy mouth, and keep the door of thy lips, for a tale-bearer is worse than a thief."

The Eighth Wonder.—Within the last three years a great city has arisen on the shores of the Pacific, greatly surpassing, in its commercial importance, any city previously existing on those shores, although some of them have existed for centuries.—A San Francisco correspondent of the Journal of Commerce has collected the statistics of building in that city, the list of which shows that the cost of fireproof buildings erected or erecting there amount to near six and a half millions of dollars. This estimate is exclusive of the ground on which they stand.

Crossing the Isthmus.

When a traveler crosses the Isthmus of Panama, he is likely to be fleeced unless he possesses more than ordinary shrewdness and nerve. As a specimen of charges made upon such occasionally, we give, from the Panama Echo, the following experience of a party who recently made the trip:

"At their first stopping-place, without bread and without seats, they drank five cups of coffee and ate five eggs. For this they paid $5 50. The party consisted of two gentlemen, a lady and two boys. At their second stopping place, where they were induced to stay by being falsely told that the next stream was not fordable, they had scarcely dismounted and began to arrange for supper, when they were saluted by a party who had just forded the said stream with ease. They, however, concluded to remain, and among their party, which was now seven, they bought three chickens for $7. Having brought these to the ranch where they were stopping, they had them stewed, and took seven cups of coffee; for stewing the fowls, and for the seven cups of coffee, they paid $12. For two bottles of inferior brandy, they paid $5. For lodging they were compelled to pay $5 50 for the four persons, and $2 50 for the privilege of the lady's sleeping with the Mexican woman of the proprietor of the ranch, $2 50 for a pair of dry pants borrowed for the night, and $2 50 for a pair of stockings was charged, but was not paid. After leaving the aforesaid house, twelve miles this side of Gorgona, on endeavoring to ford the aforesaid stream, it was deemed necessary to extend a bridge of trees, by felling the same. But there were no tools to be had, and they were compelled to borrow an axe at the house where they stopped, for the use of which they paid $4.—While nearing the tree which he was to cut, the person who had the axe slipped, and catching hold of a sapling, broke it.—For this he was obliged to pay, and at the termination of the fording, the negroes stood to collect the *toll* for passing over said bridge."

Deep Tillage.

The advantages of deep tillage were strikingly exemplified in portions of New England, during the past season, where a severe drought prevailed. The Granite Farmer states that fields tilled only to the depth of six or seven inches suffered severely, while on others, side by side, the crops did not feel the drought at all. In one place was a field of corn, of a yellowish green, broad, and uncurled leaf. Yet the manure was the same, the seed the same. On asking an explanation, he learned that this was the result of the first experiment in subsoil plowing.

☞Among the various outrages which have recently been perpetrated in Baltimore, is the following: A few evenings ago, a fashionable young gentleman was returning from a party, as the gallant and protector of two exquisitely beautiful and fashionable young ladies. On the way home he was met by three desperate rowdies, who attacked, beat him, and took his watch. Not content with this, they caught the young ladies and deliberately kissed them and made their way off unwhipped of justice.—The deed was done and it could not be undone. The fair damsels fortunately escaped with only an unwelcome kiss upon their delicate lips.

A Good Hit.—Our Western brethren excel in good hits while telling the truth.—A publisher out in that goodly country, thus apologizes for his subscribers in withholding their subscriptions:

"Our subscribers are all good, but what good does a man's goodness do when it don't do *you* any good? We have no doubt that every one thinks that all have paid him except himself, and as we are clever fellows, and this is a small matter, it will make no difference. It would not, if it were confined to a dozen or a hundred cases, but when the slow fever seizes most all, the complaint is altogether too general."

Places to Imbibe in Gotham.—There are 8,000 hotels, drinking saloons and dram shops in New York, and the amount expended in them is amazing, almost exceeding belief. If the daily sales average $10 each, which is a very low estimate, the amount will be $80,000 a day, $2,400,000 a month, and $29,000,000 a year. The New Yorkers certainly do "take a little something."

Easy Method of Breaking Glass in any Required Direction.—Dip a piece of worsted thread into spirits of turpentine, wrap it round the glass in the direction that you require it to be broken, and then set fire to the thread; or, apply a red hot wire round the glass, and if it does not immediately crack, throw cold water on it, whilst the wire remains hot.

Not Fond of Freedom.—A man named H. P. Kyle, who has been confined in the penitentiary of Kentucky for manslaughter, was, a few days since, pardoned by the Governor. He immediately took the cars for Louisville, and on the way down was detected in an effort to steal a gold watch from an artist of New York. Kyle was arrested and sent to jail The pure air of liberty was too much for him.

☞The New York Observer states that the grave-yard at Princeton, New Jersey, in which repose the remains of Aaron Burr, was recently visited by a stranger, and after enquiring as to the locality of his grave, which had been heretofore unmarked by any memorial, before he left had a neat marble monument, with a brief inscription erected. He left no name or clue as to who he was, or the motives prompting his act

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THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

BOUNTY LANDS.

PERSONS entitled to Bounty Lands under the acts of Congress of the United States, can have their claims promptly and efficiently attended to, by application either personally or by letter, to the subscriber, at his office in Gettysburg. Claimants whose applications have been suspended on account of deficiency in proof, may find it to their advantage to call.

☞The fee charged is $5 in each case, payable upon the delivery of the warrant.

The subscriber will also attend to claims for Pensions for Revolutionary or other services and the location of lands. The sale and purchase of Land Warrants attended to, and the highest cash price paid for the same.

R. G. McCREARY, *Attorney at Law.*

May 17. tf

BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS
Located, Bought and Sold.

I have $1,000 to invest in Land Warrants,

Will pay the highest market price, in cash, for Warrants, and will sell Warrants for Soldiers.—Persons wishing to buy Land Warrants or Land, can be supplied.

I Locate Warrants at the lowest prices

and on the best lands, from actual inspection, also furnishing description of soil, timber, &c. &c. in *Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin*, and in all the other Western States—having numerous locating agents there.

Apply personally or by letter to

D. M'CONAUGHY,
S. W. Corner Diamond, Gettysburg.

April 12. 2m

JOSEPH P. CLARKSON,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law, & Solicitor in Chancery,

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,

COMMISSIONER for the acknowledgment of Deeds, taking Depositions, &c for Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Michigan and Wisconsin. Particular attention given to Collections, Investments, sale and purchase of Lands, Location of Land Warrants, &c.

All professional business promptly and faithfully attended to.

REFERENCES.

Hon. JAMES COOPER,	-	Pottsville, Pa.
Hon. D. M. SMYSER,	-	Norristown, Pa.
R. G. HARPER, Esq.	-	Gettysburg, Pa.

May 17.

JAMES G. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE late of Hon. D. M. SMYSER, on Baltimore street, third door from the Diamond.

April 12. tf

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

Dec. 23. tf

WM. H. STEVENSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE, with A. R. Stevenson, Esq., in the North West corner of the Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

H. L. FISHER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

(Speaks the German Language.)

Office opposite the Bank, Gettysburg, Pa.

Nov. 22. tf

D. M'CONAUGHY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Public Square, one door South of George Arnold's Store, formerly occupied as a Law Office by John M'Conaughy, Esq., deceased.

☞D. M'Conaughy will also attend promptly to all business entrusted to him as

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR
For Patents and Pensions.

He has made arrangements through which he can furnish very desirable facilities to applicants, and entirely relieve them from the necessity of a journey to Washington.

☞D. M'C. is prepared to attend to the prosecution of claims for BOUNTY LAND to Soldiers of the War of 1812 and others—the selection of *choice lands*, and locating their *Warrants*—procuring *Patents*, and selling *Soldiers' land* to the best advantage.

☞Apply personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 4. tf

REMOVAL.
J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.
DENTIST.

HAS removed his Office to the building opposite the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street, two doors east of Mr. Middlecoff's Store, where those wishing to have any Dental operations performed, are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr. C. N. Berluchy,	Rev. C. P. Krauth, D. D
" D. Horner,	Prof M. Jacobs,
" H. S. Huber,	" H. L. Baugher,
" D. Gilbert,	" H. A. Muhlenberg
Rev. Rob't. Johnston,	" M. L. Stoever.

DAGUERREOTYPES.
Good Likenesses as Low as $1.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has opened a permanent Daguerreotype Gallery, in the house formerly kept as a Temperance house in Chambersburg street, a few doors from the Diamond, where he is prepared, at all times, and in all weathers, to take

DAGUERREOTYPES,

in the best style, of all sizes and kinds, and at the lowest rates. If my pictures do not give satisfaction, *there will be no charge.*

☞Give me a call.

SAMUEL WEAVER.

Gettysburg, May 17. 1y

CLOTHS, Summer Cassimeres, Sattinetts Vestings, Cravats for sale at KURTZ'S.

GLOVES and Hosiery, Black and Fancy Cravats, Ladies' Shoes, Cloth and Plush Caps, cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S.

BLACK Silk Black Silk Lace and Fringe, a new supply just received and for sale very cheap, at FAHNESTOCK'S.
May 31.

VESTS! VESTS!—We have on hand a large and very genteel assortment of Vests, such as Plain and Figured Satins, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Velvets, Plaids, &c. &c. Remember that SAMSON'S is the place. Oct. 4.

GENTLEMEN who want Fancy Colored French Cloths, Cashmeretts, and Tweeds for Coats, Mole Drab and Black Doe Skin Pants, Silk, Satin, and Marseilles for vesting, can find a good assortment, at very low prices, at the well known stand of A. B. KURTZ.

FANS—FANS—A large assortment just received at KURTZ's Cheap Corner.

PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, a large and varied assortment. ☞Call at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner. April 14

SWISS and Muslin Edgings and Inserting, Flouncing, Chemisettes, French Worked and Thread Collars, and Fine Embroidered Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, cheap at
Oct. 13. FAHNESTOCK'S.

BLAKE'S Patent Fire and Water Proof PAINT, a superior article, for sale at Fahnestock's, *Sign of the Red Front.*

Nov. 15.

At an Orphans' Court,

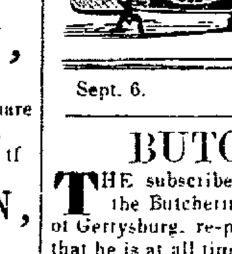
HELD at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1852, before ROBERT J. FISHER Esq., President, and SAMUEL R. RUSSELL and JOHN McGINLY, Esquires, Associates, Judges, &c., assigned, &c.

On Motion, the Court grant a Rule on all the heirs and legal representatives of JACOB FICKES, late of Huntington township, deceased, viz. Sarah Fickes, (widow) Mary Fickes, Lydia intermarried with Andrew Carothers, Eli Fickes, Ann, intermarried with Benjamin K. Peffer, Margaret, intermarried with Franklin Myers, Sebastian Fickes, Rosanna Fickes, Ellen Fickes, and Sarah Elizabeth Fickes, the last two of whom are minors, and have for their Guardian Benjamin K. Peffer, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Gettysburg, *on Tuesday the 21st day of December next*, (for said County of Adams) to accept or refuse to accept, the real estate of said deceased, at the valuation made thereof; and also, should the same not be taken by said heirs, then to show cause why the same should not be sold, agreeably to the intestate laws of this Commonwealth. Notice to be served personally upon all the persons in interest, residing in Adams county, twenty days before said Court—and notice to the heirs out of the County by publication in one newspaper, published in Gettysburg, for three successive weeks, and a number of said paper to be sent to Andrew Carothers and wife, directed to Olena Post office, Henderson county, Illinois; and also to Eli Fickes, and Benjamin K. Peffer, and wife, directed to Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pa., twenty days prior to said Court.

By the Court,
EDEN NORRIS, *Clerk.*

Nov. 29. 3t

Stoves! Stoves!
ANDREW POLLEY



WISHES to inform the Public that he has the handsomest and largest lot of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES that has ever been in this market, and will sell Cooking Stoves as low as $20 a piece. Also on hand a large lot of COPPER KETTLES.

Sept. 6. tf

BUTCHERING.

THE subscriber having lately commenced the Butchering business, in the Borough of Gettysburg, respectfully informs his friends that he is at all times ready to supply them with fresh meat, of the usual varieties, such as Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb, &c. His slaughter house is upon the corner of Washington and Railroad streets. Thankful for the liberal encouragement hitherto received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage

☞Persons having live stock to dispose of will please call upon the undersigned, who will pay the highest market price for the same.

ROBERT HAMERSLY.

Sept. 20. tf

WESTERN HOTEL,
Corner of Howard & Saratoga Streets,
BALTIMORE, MD.

THE subscriber has recently repaired, and newly furnished throughout, the above named Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate Transient or Permanent Boarders in a manner not to be excelled by any Hotel in the Country.

☞The BAR is stocked with the CHOICEST WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS, &c. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

J. SANDERS.
Formerly of the "American Rail Road Hotel," Harrisburg, Pa.

Baltimore, Aug. 16 3m

WEBSTER & YINGLING,
(Successors to A. J. Rider,)

WESTMINSTER HOTEL
AND
STAGE OFFICE,
Corner of Main and Court Streets, WESTMINSTER.

May 24. tf

Wanted Immediately,
AN APPRENTICE
TO THE MILLERING BUSINESS.

A young man not less than 18 years of age, would be preferred. Apply to the subscriber, at Trostle's Mill, on Marsh-creek.

J. W. WEIGLE.

Oct. 25. tf

A WORD TO FARMERS.

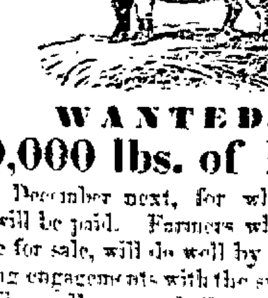
☞I WISH TO PURCHASE

15 TONS OF HAY,

for which I will pay the highest price in Cash, as soon as delivered.

H. D. WATTLES.

Gettysburg, Nov. 22. 3t



WANTED,
20,000 lbs. of Pork,

IN December next, for which CASH will be paid. Farmers who have the article for sale, will do well by calling and making engagements with the subscriber, at his Flour, Bacon and Grocery Store, in West Middle-street, Gettysburg.

GEO. LITTLE

Nov. 8. tf

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!—A general assortment of Revolvers, Double and Single Barrel Pistols, can be had at SAMSON'S.

FAHNESTOCK'S will sell Black and Fancy Cloths, and Cassimeres, Satin, Silk and Fancy VESTINGS, Overcoatings, Cassinetts and Kentucky Jeans, cheaper than they can be had elsewhere. Give them a call at the
Oct. 18 *Sign of the Red Front.*

MONKEY JACKETS—A good and cheap [illegible] SAMSON'S.
Oct. 4

COME [illegible] PANTALOONS [illegible] SAMSON'S [illegible]
Oct. 4.

NEW GOODS,
AND PLENTY OF THEM,

AT the store of the Two Extremes, at the Old Stand, two doors below the Post Office in Chambersburg street. If you wish to save your money, come and buy your HATS CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, at W. W. PAXTON'S Establishment. He buys his goods with great care, and is prepared to offer bargains. Call and judge for yourselves.

HE HAS FOR GENTLEMEN,

Calf, Kip, and Heavy Boots, of the best quality—prices from $1 75 to $3 75 Calf, Kip, and Coarse Men's, from $1 to $2. Slippers, gaiters, &c., do.

FOR LADIES,

Fine Lasting Gaiters, Half Gaiters, Morocco Shoes, Jenny Lind Style, Jefferson Slippers, &c., Morocco Gaiters, Misses' Boots and Shoes.

Also, Boys' and Childrens' Boots and Shoes, of every variety, a very large assortment, to suit all persons. Also Trunks and Traveling Bags.

Also, Russia and Beaver Hats, of all kinds; a very fine article of new style Moleskin Hat; Kossuth and Non-Intervention Hats, and a great variety of Fur and Wool Slouch Hats, from 50 cts. to $2 00

Come one—come all.

W. W. PAXTON.

Oct. 18. tf

India Rubber Gloves, Mittens, &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS, in making their purchases, should not neglect these desirable and saleable articles. Their manufacture has been much improved recently and they are made very durable. Particular attention is requested to the

Wool Lined Gloves and Mittens.

They are indispensable in cold and wet weather. Ladies will find these Gloves useful in any work that will soil the hands, at the same time that they will cure the worst Salt Rheum or Chapped Hands immediately. They are made all lengths to protect the arms and wrists.

For sale by Wilcox, Billings & Co. 3 Church Alley, Phila., Goodyear's 68 Chestnut street, do. J. & H. Phillips, Pittsburg, Pa. Falconer & Haskell, Baltimore, Md. H. W. Shiffer, Charleston, S. C. Bart & Hickcox, Cincinnati, Ohio, and by all Rubber Dealers in the Union.

For sale at retail by Country Merchants generally.

Nov. 22. 3m

WINTER IS COMING,

AND Jew Arnold is ready for him; his Clothing Store is as usual filled with a large variety of ready made clothing of the best styles and qualities, suitable for Winter wear, such as Dress Coats, Overcoats, Sack Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Monkey Jackets, Currying Shirts, &c; all of which he will sell cheaper than the same quality can be purchased any where else in the county; Also, on hand and for sale a great variety of Cloths, Cassimeres and Satinetts, of every style and of the best qualities, from which he will have men's and boy's clothing of all descriptions made by the best of workmen and at the shortest notice.

Sept. 20. tf

LADIES!

I have just received a very large lot of M. DE LAINES, which I will sell cheaper than any other house in the County. Call and examine them, as it is no trouble to show goods.—☞KURTZ'S *Cheap Corner* is the place to get bargains. Oct. 4.

Ready-made Clothing.

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH have on hand a variety of Ready-made Clothing, embracing Black Cloth Coats, Tweed Coats, Overcoats, Monkey Jackets, fancy and plain black Cassimere and Satinet Pantaloons; Satin, cloth and fancy vests; all of which will be disposed of at the lowest living rates. Call and see.

STILL AHEAD!

SHAWLS, in great variety, and at nearly all prices, can be had at SCHICK'S. Ladies, your attention is invited to the assortment, confident that the taste of every one can be suited.

Nov. 1. tf

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS

ARE now opening the largest, prettiest and best selected STOCK OF GOODS ever before offered.

☞Call and examine at the

Oct. 4. *Sign of the Red Front.*

A word to the wise is sufficient.

LADIES—if you want to buy the nicest, best, and cheapest LONG SHAWLS in town, come to KURTZ'S Cheap Corner, as you will find there the largest assortment in the county.

Oct. 4.

TRUNKS! TRUNKS!

I have just received a large lot of *Good* Trunks which I will sell cheap. A. ARNOLD.

Bonnets and Dress Goods.

AN additional supply of Gimp and Straw Bonnets, Berage de Laine, Popleins, and Dotted Swiss for Ladies' Dresses, just received and for sale cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S,

April 26 *Sign Red Front.*

BONNETS & BONNET RIBBONS.

LADIES, if you wish to see a large and beautiful assortment of Bonnets and Bonnet Ribbons, call at SCHICK'S.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

ANOTHER Stock of Dress Silks, Poplins, Berege de Laines, Bereges, and Mous de Laines, handsome and cheap, at

May 12. FAHNESTOCKS'.

DRESS GOODS.

SCHICK'S Stock of Ladies' Dress Goods, can't be beat! It embraces Silks and Satins, Bombazines, Cashmeres, De Laines, De Base, Alpacas, Ginghams, Calicoes, &c. Give him a call.

Nov. 1. tf

REMEMBER that to get cheap Guitars, Violins, Accordions, Shirts and Shirt Collars, Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Window Shades, Clocks, and Jewelry of every kind, call at SAMSON'S.

LOOK HERE!

HOSIERY, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Collars Edgings and Laces, Bobinets, Book & Mull Muslins, Irish Linen, Black Silk Lace and Fringes &c &c, to be had in great variety at

April 12. SCHICK'S.

QUEENSWARE and GROCERIES in every variety and cheap at

May 12 FAHNESTOCKS'.

BEAUTIFUL Fall Styles of Goods for Ladies' Wear, embracing every variety, just opened and for sale at astonishingly low prices, at SCHICK'S.

BONNET Silk and Velvet, also a beautiful stock of Ribbons for sale cheap at

Oct. 18. FAHNESTOCK'S.

HO! HO! Travellers, remember as you go along, that SAMSON has on hand and for sale Trunks, Traveling Trunks, and Carpet Bags for Ladies and Gentlemen, and at prices that you will think impossible. Oct. 4.

499 MEN WANTED, to purchase a superior lot of Black, Blue, and Fancy-colored French, English and American Cloth, Dress and Frock COATS. These coats are well made—and we ask of you is to come and judge for yourselves. Remember the place is SAMSON'S one-price Store opposite the Bank. Oct. 4.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS would respectfully inform the Public that their Stock of HARDWARE and SADDLERY has been greatly [illegible] and Bargains can be had [illegible] stock and prices before [illegible] elsewhere. [illegible]

QUEENSWARE, Cedarware, Groceries, and [illegible], cheap at

[illegible] FAHNESTOCK'S.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of DAVID ZIEGLER, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,
GROCERIES,
CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMING
Springs, Axles, Saddlery,
CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,
Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coach makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinet-makers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

☞We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9. tf

NEW ARRIVAL
At the Farmers' Cheap Store.

A. B. KURTZ has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a large and very desirable lot of

GOODS.

He would invite the attention of the LADIES to his complete assortment of Dress Silks, Berege de Laine, very rich styles, Silk Poplins Plain and Figured Alpaccas, new style, Mous. de Laines Lawns, Silk Tissue, Berege, plain and figured, &c. Also Ginghams, Checks, Muslins, Tickings Sheeting, Calicoes, &c &c.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Cloth, Cassimere, Summer Cloths and Vestings in great variety; also, Linen & Cotton Pant Stuff, at all prices; a very handsome assortment of Goods for BOYS' WEAR.

CARPETING.

A very large lot of Carpeting, varying in price from 12½ to $1.00. Call and look at it, if you want to buy or not—no trouble to show our Goods.

QUEENSWARE.

Our assortment of Queensware is admitted to be the cheapest in the County. I am receiving a large addition to my former stock—Glassware of every description direct from the manufacturers.

GROCERIES—GROCERIES.

A very large assortment of Groceries—the best fip Sugar and levy Coffee in town; also, Molasses, Teas, Pepper, Starch, Spices, &c.—all very cheap.

☞Wanted in exchange for Goods, Butter, Lard, Rags, Eggs, Hams, Sides, Shoulders, &c.—for which the highest market price will be given.

☞If you want to save your money, call at KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.

Oct. 4. tf

"ANOTHER CHANGE"

OF the seasons is about to take place, and with it many a change in the Styles, Fashions and qualities of LADIES AND GENTLEMENS' APPAREL. But many and great as these changes will be, JEW ARNOLD is, as usual, prepared to accommodate all who will "button up" at the approach of Winter, or bow at the mandates of the Tyrant of Fashion. Having just returned from the eastern cities, with the largest, cheapest, and best selected Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

ever before offered in this TOWN or COUNTY, he invites "all the world and the rest of mankind," to call, examine, and by all means buy—almost "without money and without price," of his large and well selected stock of PLAIN & FASHIONABLE, LADIES and GENTLEMENS' Dress Goods, consisting in part of black, Brown, Blue, and Olive Cloths, assorted Felt, Fancy Beaver, London, Drab and Petersham Cloth for Overcoats, Black, Plain, and Fancy Cassimeres, Black and Fancy Satinetts, Velvet Cords, Buckskin Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Black Satin, Fancy Silk and Woolen Vestings, Linseys, Flannels, Cloakings, &c., &c. also

FOR LADIES WEAR,

Black and changeable Dress Silks, Black Alpacas, Fancy and Black Mous de Laines, Cashmeres, Prints, Ginghams, &c. &c.; also, a large lot of Shawls just received, and will be sold cheaper than can be bought at any other house in town. Call and see for yourselves.

Sept. 20. tf

Skelly & Hollebaugh,

THANKFUL for past favors, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they continue the TAILORING business, at the old stand, and solicit a continuance of the public's patronage. Garments made in the shortest time possible. ☞The New York and Philadelphia *Fall and Winter Fashions* have just been received

Oct. 20

Carpets and Matting.

FAHNESTOCKS have just received and will sell very cheap, the largest stock of Venitian and Ingrain Carpeting, 4—4, 5—4, and 6—4 white and colored Matting, Druggets, Linen Floor Cloth, Oil Carpets & Oil Stair Cloth, ever before offered.

April 26. SIGN RED FRONT.

LADIES' SHOES.

THE attention of the Ladies is particularly directed to the large and splendid Stock of Slippers, Buskins, Jenny Lind Shoes—of all qualities and exceedingly low at

May 12. FAHNESTOCKS'.

GENTLEMEN who may need a superfine SUNDAY, or even a WEDDING SUIT, can be accommodated to their advantage by calling at SAMSON'S.

BONNET Ribbons, Florence Silk, and Silk Lesse, all colors, just received at

May 31. FAHNESTOCK'S.

SCYTHES, Snathe and Rubbers, a new lot just received and for sale cheap, at

May 31 FAHNESTOCK'S.

RIBBONS, Collars, Lace and Edgings, Gloves Hosiery, &c., suited to every taste, at

April 14 KURTZ'S.

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!

A rich lot just received and for sale cheap at April 12 SCHICK'S.

COUNTERPANES, white twill, for sale, very low, at *Kurtz's Cheap Corner.*

SHAWLS, Sacking Flannels, Fringes, and Dress Trimmings in great variety, and cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S.

CARPETING, and Floor Oil Cloth can be had very low at A. B. KURTZ.

BLANKETS Flannels of every price and color, and Domestics of every description cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S.

A large lot of Groceries and Queensware, just received at the cheap store of

Sept 20. A. ARNOLD.

FANCY Goods, Rubbers, Flowers, Gloves, [illegible] SCHICK'S.

[illegible] PISTOLS, and a large [illegible] on hand and for sale at SAMSON'S.

☞*THE RICHEST AND MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT OF*

FANCY GOODS
EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PLACE,

HAS just been received by SCHICK, and is now opening at his Store in South Baltimore street. The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices, both of which cannot but please, he feels fully assured. Among his stock will be found

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,

such as Silks, Satins, Poplins, Tissues, Bereges, Berege de Laines, Lawns, Alpacas, Bombazines, Ginghams, Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins, and Calicoes in great variety. Also,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Sattinets, Tweeds, Cottonades, Nankeen, Linen Check, Vestings of all sorts, &c. In short his stock is very large, and embraces all in his line.

☞Call and judge for yourselves—no trouble to show goods.

April 12. tf

A CHALLENGE!

THE RICHEST & BEST ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,
For Gentlemen's Wear,
EVER OPENED IN GETTYSBURG!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH

TAKE pleasure in calling the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive stock of Fashionable Goods for Gentlemen's wear, just received from the city, which, for variety of style, beauty of finish, and superior quality, *challenges comparison* with any other stock in the place. Our assortment of

Cloths, plain and fancy Tweeds and Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinets, Summer Coatings, &c., &c.

CAN'T BE BEAT! Give us a call, and examine for yourselves. We have purchased our stock carefully, and with a desire to please the tastes of all, from the most practical to the most fastidious.

☞TAILORING, in all its branches, attended to as heretofore, with the assistance of good workmen.

☞The FASHIONS for Spring and Summer have been received.

May 3.

2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price, at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE SHOP,

Where the subscribers feeling determined to suit all persons, have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air tight, Peakskell, and Cabinet Cook Stove, and Air-tight and ten plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns

The Seyler Ploughs.

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained

☞WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others. Castings for the Woodcock Plough, Wind mill machinery, Castings and Hollow ware, with every article usually made at Foundries can be obtained here.

☞Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual.

T. WARREN & SON.

Dec. 15. tf

Adam Wm. Rapp's
PATENTED SCIENTIFIC
Niche Gold Pens,

Embracing all the properties contained in the finest quill pen, in addition to which the durability of the Metals are combined and fully associated and developed.

1852.

THE following highly respectable Testimonials and Recommendations are submitted to the Public:—

Having tried ADAM WM. RAPP'S Patent Scientific Niche Gold Pen, the undersigned take great pleasure in recommending it to the Public as the greatest improvement in Metallic Pens that has met our attention.

His Excellency, William Bigler, Gov. of Penna.
His Excellency, E. Louis Lowe, do. Maryland.
Prof. Hart, Principal of Cen. High School, Phila.
Right Rev. Bishop A. Potter, Philadelphia.
Rev. Charles Wadsworth, do.
Rev. W. B. Edwards, Washington City.
Rev. C. K. Nelson, Annapolis, Md.
Rev. J. Street, Phila. Rev. D. W. Bartine, Phila.
Rev. De Witt, Harrisburg. Rev. Cox, Harrisb'rg.
Rev. C. A. Hay, do. Rev. J. F. Mesick, do.
W. Rawle, Esq., Phila. Judge Booth, Delaware.
Hon. J. R. Chandler, do. R. Vaux, Esq., do.
Clark Hare, Esq., do. Wm. Neal, do.
Isaiah Hacker, do. G. W. Walloston, do.
Alderman Ash, do. Wm. S. Price, do.
James M. Cassady, Esq., Camden, New Jersey.
T. W. Mulford, Esq., do. do.
A. Crowning, Esq., do. do.
W. N. Jeffries, Esq., do. do.
D. Green, Washington. M. Miller, Washington.
F. Howard, M. D. do. J. Radcliff, do.
R. Smith, Esq., do. W. P. Elliott, do.
Editors National Intelligencer, Washington City.
Editors Maryland State Capitol Gazette.
Editors Washington Republic.
Editors Philadelphia Public Ledger.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber having purchased the property known as the Moyamensing Banking House, S. E. corner of 2nd and Chestnut streets, for his future business Establishment, intends keeping a large and complete assortment of every variety of texture and size of

ADAM WM. RAPP'S
LATELY PATENTED SCIENTIFIC
NICHE GOLD PENS,

Gold and Silver PENCILS and PEN HOLDERS, of every variety, Wholesale and Retail. In addition thereto, I have on hand Rapp's last edition of SCIENTIFIC PENMANSHIP and PEN-MAKING, in various bindings.

JAMES BARBER,

General Sale Agent for Adam Wm. Rapp's Patented Scientific Niche Gold Pens, S. E. corner 2nd and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia 1y

JAMES BARBER'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOCK & TIME-PIECE ESTABLISHMENT,
SOUTHEAST CORNER SECOND & CHESTNUT STS.,
PHILADELPHIA,

WHERE may be found a large and splendid assortment of the best modern Improved Eight Day and Thirty Hour Brass and Alarm Clocks, and Time Pieces, suitable for Churches, Halls, Hotels, Steamboats, Railroad Cars, Parlors, Offices, Bed Rooms, Kitchens, &c., which will be sold in lots to suit Purchasers, from one to One Thousand, at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Clocks of all kinds Repaired and Warranted. Clock Trimmings of every description constantly for sale.

May 3. 1y

A. **BRITTON & CO.**, VENITIAN BLIND and WINDOW SHADE Manufacturers, wholesale and retail, No. 40 North Second street, below Arch, ask the attention of purchasers to their large stock of new styles and colors; wide and narrow slat blinds, with plain and fancy trimmings. Lettered Shades for store windows painted to order. Also Buff Holland Shades made to order.

N. B. Sash, Shutters, Doors and Mouldings constantly on hand, and made to Order

Philadelphia, Sept. 6. 3m

BONNETS Ribbons Parasols Fans, &c. just received and for sale cheap at

May 12. S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS'.

BONNETS, Jenny Lind, China Pearl, Hair and Lace [illegible] Gimps and various other styles, with Misses Lace and Gypsies, at

April 14. A. B. KURTZ'S

GRAYDON'S FORMS.
NEW AND FOURTH EDITION.

"No Attorney, Magistrate or Man of Business should be without it."—*Phila. North American and U. S. Gazette.*

JUST PUBLISHED,

GRAYDON'S FORMS.—NEW AND FOURTH EDITION.—Forms of Conveyancing, and of Practice in the Courts of Common Pleas, Quarter Sessions, Oyer and Terminer, the Supreme and Orphans' Courts, and the offices of the various Civil Officers and Justices of the Peace—Fourth edition. Revised, Corrected, Enlarged, and Adapted to the Present State of the Law; with copious Explanatory Notes and References, and a new and very comprehensive Index. By Robert E. Wright, Esq. In one thick Octavo Volume. Price only $3 50.

RECOMMENDATION.

"In this work, (Binns' Justice) and its companion, "Graydon's Forms," (the reputation of which is so well established as to need no eulogy) the Magistrate will find all the information necessary to a correct discharge of the important duties confided to him by the laws of Pennsylvania."—*Preface of Brightly's Binns', 5th Edition*

ALSO—COMPANION TO THE ABOVE.

BINN'S JUSTICE,
AND
BUSINESS MAN'S LEGAL GUIDE.

A Treatise on the Office and Duties of Aldermen and Justices of the Peace, in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, including all the required Forms of Process and Docket Entries, and embodying not only whatever may be deemed valuable to Justices of the Peace, but to Landlords, Tenants and General Agents, and making the volume what it purports to be, a safe Legal Guide for Business Men, by John Binns, late Alderman in the city of Philadelphia. Fifth edition, revised, corrected and greatly enlarged. By F. C. Brightly, Esq. In one thick Volume, Octavo—Price only $1 00.

Judge Gibson says of Binns' Justice, that "It is not only the best, but the only very good work that we have on the subject."

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TROUBAT AND HALY'S PRACTICE. New and Third Edition, greatly enlarged and improved, under the Editorial direction of Francis Wharton, Esq., Author of "American Criminal Law," &c., &c. In Two Volumes, 8vo.

TROUBAT on the Law of Limited Partnership in the United States, with full reference to the latest authorities. English and American.—By Francis J. Troubat, Esq. In One Volume, 8vo.

☞Orders or letters of inquiry from the Country promptly attended to

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Law Publishers and Booksellers,

Nov. 8. 193 *Market street, Philadelphia.*

READ! READ!! READ!!!

☞*Relief for Man and Beast!*

THE HORSEMAN'S HOPE, OR
FARMER'S FRIEND.

ARRANGEMENTS are now made for supplying the public with this great remedy, which has been used with wonderful success by those who have had an opportunity of testing its virtues. No family should neglect to have a supply; and all persons would do well to keep some by them to be used in case of accident to Man or Horse.

For Horses, &c.—For the cure of Sprains, Bruises, Saddle and Collar Galls, Swelled Joints, Stiffness and Weakness of the Legs, Old Sores, Scratches, &c. &c.

For Man.—For the cure of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Swellings, Bruises, Sciatic Pains, Stiffness and Weakness of the Limbs—and other accidents and afflictions to which men and animals are liable.

Prepared only by SMITH and ATKINSON, 288 Baltimore street, Baltimore—and for sale by SAMUEL H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.

☞This preparation has been before the public a sufficient time to have its merits fairly tested, and the reports received from various parts of the country, prove it to be one of the most valuable remedies ever offered, both for Man and Horse.

Great Medicine for Worms in Children & others.

SMITH & ATKINSON'S
AMERICAN WORM-KILLER.

THIS Medicine has been manufactured by SMITH & ATKINSON for several years, and has been used with great success by Physicians and others, in various parts of the United States, many thousand bottles have been sold, and the universal approval it has met with in all quarters where it has been introduced, proves that it needs only a trial to satisfy the most incredulous of its great value, the size of the bottle has been enlarged, so that it is one of the *cheapest* as well as most valuable Worm Medicines ever offered to the public, and a person buying this article gets the full value of his money in quantity as well as quality, which is a fact well worth remembering.

Be careful to ask for "SMITH & ATKINSON'S AMERICAN WORM KILLER" and see that the name of SMITH & ATKINSON is on the Bottle in raised Letters.

☞For sale by SAMUEL H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.

Oct. 4 6m

THE late disastrous fire gives fresh evidence of the reliance to be placed in "OLIVER EVANS' FIRE PROOF SAFES," *No 61 South Second Street*, PHILADELPHIA.

"We take pleasure in stating that we had one of 'Oliver Evans' Fire Proof Safes' in our store, during the great fire at Hart's Buildings, which, when taken from the ruins and opened, was found to have preserved our Books, Papers, &c., entirely *uninjured.*—*Getz & Buck.*"

☞"My store was entered by burglars, and failing to pick the Lock of my Iron Safe, they tried to blow it open with powder, but no loss or injury was sustained. It was purchased of Oliver Evans, 61 South Second street, Philadelphia.—*J. C. Foulks, Bordentown, N. J.*"

For sale, of all sizes, by OLIVER EVANS,
61 S. Second street below Chestnut.

☞Sole Agent for the

Day & Newell's World's Fair Premium Bank, Vault and Store Locks—Thief and Powder proof.

Also, in store—
Seal and Letter Copying Presses.
Trucks, for moving boxes, bales or crates.
Druggists' Presses, with Cylinders and Pans.
Portable Shower Baths, of superior construction.
Water Filters, for purifying bad water.
Refrigerators and Ice Chests
Water Coolers of all kinds, for Hotels, Stores, &c.

Philadelphia, Sept. 6 3m

UMBRELLAS & PARASOLS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
At the Old Established Stand No. 2 North Fourth street, N. W. Corner of Market,
PHILADELPHIA,

A large and general assortment of UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS at as low rates as at any other establishment in the City. Manufactured expressly for the fall trade, of the best materials, and by the best and most careful Workmen.

☞Country Merchants and others will find it to their advantage to call upon the subscriber for their supply

LUCAS GILLINGHAM,
At the old Stand No. 2, N. 4th St.

Philadelphia, Aug. 23. 3m

WALL PAPER.

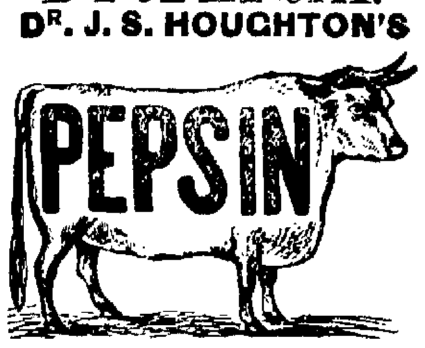
REDUCTION OF PRICES. Country Merchants and others will find every variety of patterns of WALL PAPER, WINDOW BLINDS, and FIRE SCREENS at reduced prices. Patterns manufactured to order, by

[illegible] & STEDMAN,
No 63 North Third street two doors above Arch.

Philadelphia, Sept. 6. 3m

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1851, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., in the clerk's Office of the District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

Another Scientific Wonder!
GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S



THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

PREPARED from Rennet or the fourth Stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. Houghton, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

"I DIGEST." Such is the true meaning of the word Pepsin. It is the chief element, or Great Digesting Principle of the Gastric Juice—the Solvent of the Food, the Purifying, Preserving and Stimulating Agent of the Stomach and Intestines. It is extracted from the Digestive Stomach of the Ox, thus forming a True Digestive Fluid, precisely like the natural Gastric Juice in its Chemical powers, and furnishing a complete and perfect substitute for it

This is Nature's own Remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no Alcohol, Bitters, Acids, or nauseous Drugs. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of Drugged Imitations. Pepsin is not a Drug

Half a teaspoonful of Pepsin infused in water, will digest or dissolve Five Pounds of Roast Beef in about two hours, out of the Stomach.

SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE!

☞The Scientific Evidence upon which this remedy is based is in the highest degree Curious and Remarkable.

Call on the Agent, and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of Scientific Evidence, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Philosophy of Digestion; Dr. Pereira on Food and Diet; Dr. John W. Draper, of New York University; Professor Dunglison's Physiology; Prof Silliman, of Yale College; Dr. Carpenter's Physiology; &c., together with reports of Cures from all parts of the United States.

PEPSIN IN FLUID AND POWDER.

Dr. Houghton's Pepsin is prepared in powder and in Fluid Form—and in Prescription vials for the use of Physicians. The powder will be sent by Mail, free of Postage, for one Dollar, sent to Dr. Houghton, Philadelphia.

☞Observe this!—Every bottle of the genuine Pepsin bears the written signature of J. S. Houghton, M. D., sole proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa.—Copy right and Trade Mark secured.

☞Sold by all Druggists and Dealers in Medicine. Price, $1 per bottle.

Agents—S. S. Forney, Gettysburg, wholesale and retail Agent; J. W. Douglass, Chambersburg, C. A. Morris & Co., York.

Philadelphia, Sept. 6. 1y

$500 CHALLENGE.

WHATEVER concerns the health and happiness of a people is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every person will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children, and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices. I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure you that WORMS, according to the opinion of the most celebrated Physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable; if you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the Stomach, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse Irregular—remember that all these denote WORMS, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

HOBENSACK'S WORM SYRUP

An article founded upon Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender infant with decided beneficial effect, where Bowel Complaints and Diarrhea have made them weak and debilitated; the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such, that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach, which makes it an Infallible remedy for those afflicted with Dyspepsia; the astonishing cures performed by this Syrup after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

THE TAPE WORM!

This is the most difficult Worm to destroy of all that infest the human system, it grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, affecting the health so sadly as to cause St. Vitus' Dance, Fits, &c., that those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this worm, a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take 6 to 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm, which must be taken in doses of 2 Tablespoonfuls 3 times a day. These directions followed have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of Tape Worm.

HOBENSACK'S LIVER PILLS.

No part of the system is more liable to disease than the LIVER, it serving as a filterer to purify the blood, or giving the proper secretion to the bile, so that any wrong action of the Liver affects the other important parts of the system, and results variously, in Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c. We should, therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver.—These Pills being composed of Roots and Plants furnished by nature to heal the sick: Namely, 1st, An EXPECTORANT, which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucous membrane, or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, An ALTERATIVE, which changes in some inexplicable and insensible manner the certain morbid action of the system. 3d A TONIC, which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A CATHARTIC, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients, and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the Blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

TO FEMALES.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstructions either total or partial, they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their functional arrangements to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually as to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as headache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. Hobensack, all others being base imitations.

☞Agents wishing new supplies, and Storekeepers desirous of becoming Agents must address the Proprietor, J. N. Hobensack, Philadelphia, Pa.

Agents for Adams county,

S. S. Forney, Gettysburg; Myers & Son, Littlestown; Robinson, Cashtown; Wright, Bendersville; Castman, Petersburg; Martin, New Oxford; White, Hampton; and by every respectable Dealer and Merchant in the United States.

☞*Price—each 25 cents.*

June 28. 1y

GREAT PRIZE MEDAL ARRIVED!

HICKEY & TULL, No. 148, Chestnut street, above Sixth, front of Jones' Hotel, received the Prize Medal, awarded to them for the best TRAVELING TRUNKS exhibited at the World's Fair in London, in 1851—being the only exhibitors to whom any award was made. Their competition was with all the World, and they have taken THE PRIZE!

They offer to Merchants and the Traveling Community the largest, best and cheapest assortment of

Trunks, Valises, Bags, &c.

to be found in this city, and at very low prices. Call and see.

HICKEY & TULL,
Trunk Manufacturers, 148 Chestnut street.

Phila., Sept. 20. 3m

NewspaperARCHIVE.com

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

Congressional Visits to the President.

The President yesterday received visits from a large number of the members of both Houses of Congress. The sincere respect entertained for Mr. Fillmore, even by the most thoroughgoing politicians of the party opposed to him, may be distinctly read in the faces and bearing of all when brought into intercourse with him. Now that partisan motives no longer intrude to warp men's judgments in regard to him, the high qualities of President Fillmore, both as a Magistrate and a man, are freely and fully acknowledged. It is lamentable to think, however—and the thought will force its way in spite of resistance—how differently all this would have been, had Mr. Fillmore been put in nomination as our candidate for President. The floodgates of party wrath would have been opened upon him, and his veriest virtues transmuted into inexpiable faults. What grievous stains do the selfishness and acrimony of party politics inflict upon the history of our times!—*Nat. Int., Dec. 11.*

A Washington letter in the New York Courier says—

There is to be an animated, if not a bitter struggle for ascendency under the incoming Administration, between the rival divisions, respectively headed by General Cass and Mr. Buchanan. It was given out authoritatively by the friends of the former, at an early day after the election, that he did not expect or desire position in the new Cabinet. And it is now stated there was a distinct understanding that a similar course should be pursued by the latter. But so far from remaining passive or indifferent, the advocates of Mr. Buchanan have pressed his claims with unseemly zeal, and with so much determination as to excite the jealousy and hostility of the opposing interest. The truce is therefore ended, and prominent politicians announced to day that General Cass would yield his original objections to the acceptance of office, rather than consent to see the Administration controlled by an adverse influence. In this dilemma and collision of opposing forces, General Pierce will probably seek counsel of prudence, by avoiding both, and endeavoring to strengthen himself with advisers not specially identified with either.

It is easy to foresee, too, that he will be immediately surrounded by a personal party, anxious to recommend itself to favor by urging his re-election, and that unless he should prove to be firmer in moral courage than any predecessor for five and twenty years, he will be readily persuaded to conform his own inclinations to an alleged public demand. This would serve as an additional reason for excluding any avowed candidate for the Presidency from the Cabinet, although it might not be politic to admit the motive. Every tangible indication warrants the conclusion that no overshadowing influence will be brought in dangerous proximity to the President elect. General Pierce has seen enough of public life and of public men to satisfy him of the value and safety of mediocrity, and it is reasonable to suppose he will improve all the advantages derived from experience.

Santa Anna Recalled to Mexico.—We yesterday, for the first time, learned from a gentleman who came passenger on the New Orleans, which arrived here on last Sunday night, that a Revolution had broken out on the Western Coast of Mexico, having for its object the recall of Santa Anna, to again take hold of the reins of government.

How far into the interior the revolutionary spirit had spread, was not known at the moment of our latest advices from Acapulco; but from previous indications and intelligence from the Atlantic side, we cannot but suppose it to be general throughout the country.

It is well known that General Santa Anna has been living, since his exile from Mexico, near Carthagena, on the Atlantic side of this Republic. A late paper from that city brings us information that intelligence had reached the distinguished Mexican as to the feelings of his countrymen; and that he *"would sail for Mexico in a few days,"* to assume the new powers conferred upon him.—*Panama Star, Nov. 22.*

Fire and Loss of Life.—At New York, on Tuesday evening, a fire broke out in a dwelling house situated in the rear of No. 214 Centre street, and occupied by a large number of poor families. The flames spread through the premises with great rapidity, and for several hours baffled all exertions of the firemen to subdue them. The most alarming excitement prevailed, as the human beings in the upper stories were unable to escape, owing to the intense heat of the fire, and the thick black smoke below them.—The hook and ladder companies were promptly on the ground, and, by the aid of their apparatus, men, women, and children were rescued from their perilous situations.—There were, however, three helpless little children burnt to death. Their screams were heard, but all efforts to find them proved unavailing, and the poor little creatures suffered a shocking death. Two firemen were severely injured whilst attempting to rescue the inmates of the burning building.

More Murders in New York.—Notwithstanding there are now seven murderers awaiting execution in the prison of New York, there were three more murders committed in that city on Saturday and Sunday week. One occurred in a porter house, where a drunken fellow stabbed another mortally. The second in a dance house, where a negro being attacked, stabbed an assailant in the neck, of which he instantly died. The third was struck on the head with an axe, by one of a party of five, of which he will die. There is still another man in the hospital, who will die of a broken skull, received from being struck with a paving stone on the night of the 4th from an unknown hand.

Melancholy and Fatal Occurrence.—A little mud hut in Harford county, Maryland, was occupied by two Germans, named Frederick Snyder and Mrs. Eva Gatcher, both of whom have recently arrived in this country from Germany. During a heavy storm, the upper part of the roof commenced leaking, when both went out and endeavored to fill up the crevices by placing soft earth thereupon. The weight of the clay was more than the [illegible] could possibly support, when it gave way and fell to the ground with a tremendous crash, killing four children. Two were children of Mrs. Gatcher, one aged four months and the other four years; the other [illegible] children of Mr. Snyder, one aged [illegible] and the other five years.

Expedition to Africa.

Commander Lynch is now on his way to the African coast. He will land at Liberia, Cape Palmas, and other points, and will pursue his inquiries as far as the river Gaboon; with a view to the ascertainment of such localities on the margin of the African continent as may present the greatest facilities, whether by the river courses or by the inland routes, for penetrating with the least hazard into the interior. He will collect information touching the geographical character of the country, its means of affording the necessary supplies of men and provisions, the temper of the inhabitants, whether hostile or friendly, the proper precautions to be observed to secure the health of a party employed, and all other items of knowledge upon which it may be proper hereafter to prepare and combine the forces essential to the success of a complete and useful exploration of the interior.

Baltimore and the West.—The trade between Baltimore and the West, by the route of the Baltimore and Susquehanna railroad, has been steadily and rapidly on the increase since the completion of the Pennsylvania railroad to Pittsburg. At the present time this trade ranges from 180 tons to 200 tons per day. In the shipments made from Baltimore to the West—amounting to about 40 tons per day—there are included large quantities of dry goods, groceries, tobacco, segars, oysters, &c., destined for Pittsburg, Chicago, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, Nashville and various minor points; and in the produce transmitted to Baltimore from the West are pork, bacon, hams, lard, tobacco, flour, whiskey, butter, eggs, &c., &c. Among the provisions already received by this route was a parcel of one thousand barrels new mess pork, packed this season at Cincinnati, and intended for the use of the naval squadron in the Pacific.

What Plank Roads do.—The Fayetteville (N. C.) Observer, under the head of "Fortune in Spite of One's Self," says:

"We learn that a sale took place in this county a few days ago, amounting to about $10,000, of lands which would not have sold for half the money until the plank roads were built through and near them.—The owner never subscribed a cent to build the roads, but higgled for damages against the companies for passing through his lands."

Live Hogs.—The Cleveland Plain Dealer says, there is no business in Ohio that is more rapidly increasing than the exporting of live hogs. It is not more than five years since the first commencement was made of sending fat live hogs to an eastern market, and now it is almost the only method of disposing of surplus pork. The facilities for cheap and rapid transportation by the network of railroad terminating at the eastern cities, have contributed to bring about this result.

It must be confessed, they have a pleasant way of doing pleasant things out West. On Thanksgiving day the Rev Mr. Grundy's congregation at Louisville, (Ky.) by a concerted movement, but without any previous notice to Mr. G., surrounded his house by carriages and various vehicles directly after service, bringing a large company of members of his church and outsiders, together with a most abundant supply of the richest and best eatables ready for the table, and many other valuable presents. The ladies took immediate possession of the house, spread the table, feasted the parson and family, the company, and themselves, and followed that performance by a social party, which dispersed about ten o'clock at night.—*Courier.*

Chinese in Cuba.—There are now said to be two thousand Chinese laborers in the island of Cuba, and six thousand more are on their way there. They are exported at a cost of $125 a head, and receive $5 a month for the eight or ten years for which they are bound to their employer, by whom the expense of their exportation is paid.—Those already in the Island it is said have given great satisfaction by the industry and intelligence they display.

A German named George Drager, for the last six years employed in the shops of the Mad River Railroad, was killed at Sandusky, on Thursday morning week, by the explosion of a barrel, into which he had put unslacked lime for to cleanse it. On pouring boiling water upon his lime and shaking the barrel after closing the bung, it exploded with great force, and so badly shattered the German's head as to cause his death in a few moments. He leaves a wife and four small children.

Proscribed Pigeons.—The Austrian police of Parma, the famous little Duchy that was once transferred to Maria Louisa, the widow of Napoleon, has recently discovered that *carrier pigeons* may be made the means of diffusing political heresies, and so have made war upon that poor harmless race, which they have exterminated.

Emigration to Texas.—There appears to be a constant stream of emigration into Texas, both from this country and from Europe. While ships are daily arriving at Galveston, Indiana and Arkansas from Europe, filled with emigrants, and while each steamer that leaves New Orleans is crowded with the sturdy sons of the Mississippi valley, destined also for Western Texas, the northern and eastern portions of the State are receiving constant accessions by the way of Red River and Arkansas.

Silver is again in demand, and the rate of premium over gold is advancing.—The rate is now 3 & 4 per cent. The present sudden rise is probably more the result of the increased demand for India, to which quarter it is shipped in large amounts. It is there melted down and coined into rupees of the East India Company.

A Stolen Horse Run to Death.—On the night of the 11th inst., a horse and tilbery valued at $250 were stolen from the stable of Benjamin Deininger, near Palmyra, Lebanon county. The night following the horse was found dead near Hinkletown, in Lancaster co., and about one hundred yards from the same place the tilbery was found. The scoundrel evidently drove the poor animal to death.

Extravagance.—During the past week, balls and parties were given in New York, at which diamonds and [illegible] were worn worth $30,000, on the person. Thousand dollar dresses were not uncommon. Dinner parties are spoken of, where ladies appear in cloaks, [illegible]

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, December 20, 1852.

We are requested to say that the Stores in Fairfield will be closed on Saturday next (Christmas-day).

The Rail Road.

Don't forget the Railroad meeting to be held at the Court-house on to-morrow! It is high time for every man to "put his shoulder to the wheel." We think that such facts and data will be laid before the meeting, which will not only show the importance of the Road, but that it *can* and *must* be made!

Sweney's Springs.

We learn from the Franklin Repository, that the company now engaged in the improvement of this old watering-place, "is pushing forward the work rapidly. The stone work is nearly completed, and arrangements have been made for having the carpenter work done in the very shortest possible time. The necessary fixtures for a steam saw-mill are on the ground, and will be put in operation in a few days. From present indications there is but little doubt about everything being in ample order for the reception of visitors by the middle of June next." The Repository adds—"It will be at once the most capacious and neatest building in this section of the State."

Godey, Graham, and Arthur!

We will furnish one copy of Godey's Lady's Book, and one copy of Graham's Magazine, one year, for $4; or one copy of either of them, and Arthur's Home Gazette or Magazine, for $3 50; or either the Lady's Book, or Graham's Magazine, and the "Sentinel," one year, for $4.

The Franklin Repository and Whig, it will be observed by an advertisement in our paper to-day, has entered its sixtieth year. It is an excellent paper, and its Editor a very clever fellow. We wish him abundant success, and hope the old "Repository" may long flourish.

Finances of Pennsylvania.

A statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the year ending 30th November, has just been published in the Harrisburg papers, as furnished by the Auditor General—from which it appears that there is a balance in the Treasury of nearly a million and a half of dollars—sufficient to meet all demands as well as the interest on the State debt, coming due Feb. 1st.

Several cases of bold daring robbery again occurred in Baltimore last week. On Tuesday evening, Mr. Hicks, tax collector of Dorchester county, Md., arrived in Baltimore, by the boat, a little after 5 o'clock, when in passing from the wharf at Light street up to Lombard, a rope was thrown around his neck, lime thrown into his eyes, and he was dragged by three men into a little alley, and in a minute or two robbed of $1700 in cash, a draft for $1300, and a gold watch. No clue has yet been had to the robbers. Again, on Wednesday evening, between 5 and 6 o'clock, Mr. Henry Carroll, an officer in the Custom-house, was knocked down, near the tobacco ware-house, on Frederick street dock, and robbed of $630, which he was about to send to St. Mary's county, by steamer. His head was cut by a blow in a severe manner. The city of Baltimore, is now, remarks the National Intelligencer, by universal admission, the great hot-bed of crime and villainy.

Hon. Cornelius P. Van Ness, formerly Governor of Vermont, and Minister to Spain, during Gen. Jackson's administration, died at Philadelphia on Wednesday evening, in his 73d year. He has been residing in Washington for the last four years.

A meeting of many ladies of the highest rank in England was held at the mansion of the Dutchess of Sutherland, to adopt a memorial to the ladies of this country, relative to the abolition of Slavery.—They had better take the beam out of their own eyes—they can find enough of slavery and degradation in their own dominions to call for their attention. It would be well for them to "sweep before their own door."

Looking Out!—In consequence of the extraordinary activity evinced at the French Navy Yards, the British Government has resolved to call for an addition of 5,000 men to the Royal Navy.

Accounts from Paris mention that negotiations have been going on between England and France, and are nearly completed, for a modification of the Tariff of the two countries.

A singular accident occurred on Tuesday night, in Philadelphia, at an Irish wake. The watchers fell asleep, and by accident fire was communicated to a window curtain, and to the covering of the corpse, and the body was considerably burned before the flames were extinguished.

Stewart, the New York dry-goods man, it is said, sells eight millions of dollars worth of dry-goods a year, at a profit of [illegible] hundred thousand dollars. Large as his business is, it continues to increase with [illegible]

Periodicals.

Godey's Lady's Book, for January, has been received. It is a beautiful number, and has a number of excellent articles. There are a great many embellishments—some of which are indeed handsome—The Merry Thought—The Temptation—The First Snow—and Pin-Money and Needle-Money. Mrs. Hentz, Mrs. Hale, Judge Conrad, J. T. Headley, Wm. H. Herbert and others still adorn the pages of Godey, and render his Magazine highly attractive. Mrs. Hentz commences a new tale in this number.

Graham's Magazine, for January, is on our table—and exceeds by far the most illustrious of its predecessors. The Heart's Misgivings, and the Coming of Flora are the leading embellishments—but a large number grace the book, and handsomely illustrate its contents. There is a decided improvement in this ever beautiful periodical, as well as an increase in size.

Woodworth's Youth's Cabinet,

Is a periodical published monthly by D. Austin Woodworth, 118 Nassau street, New York, at $1 a year or four copies for $3.—It has 48 pages in each number, embellished with numerous wood engravings. The work is a very excellent one for youth, and well worth the attention of parents and others interested in juvenile reading.

$2,500,000 in Gold from California!

The steamer Illinois arrived at New York on the 12th, from California, bringing 550 passengers, and $2,000,000 gold on freight, and upwards of $400,000 in hands of passengers!

Rev. C. P. Krauth, jr. of Winchester, Va., who went to the West India Islands to spend the winter for the benefit of the health of his wife, is sojourning at St. Thomas, where, the second day after his arrival, he was invited to take charge of a Dutch Reformed Church, whose pastor had been called to New York by the death of his wife. He accepted the invitation, and will probably spend the winter in that Island.

During the sitting of the U. S. Senate, on Tuesday, a parasol dropped from the hand of a lady in the gallery, which fell, point downward, on the head of the Hon. Wm. Pearce, of Maryland, cutting him severely, but not seriously. Mr. P., after some time, resumed his seat in the Senate.

The arrivals of gold in England from Australia are immense. Four vessels had arrived within a few days, with upwards of 200,000 ounces of gold—the total value of which is nearly *a million of pounds sterling.*

Mr. Greenough, the celebrated sculptor, has become insane, and is now in the Insane Asylum at Somerville, Mass.

At Baltimore, one concern in the oyster trade forwards to the West daily, by railroad, eight tons of oysters in cans.—One hundred and fifty persons are constantly employed in opening the shells.

There are one hundred and fourteen bridges on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, between Cumberland and Wheeling. One of them is six hundred feet long, and is elevated forty feet above the Monongahela river, which it spans.

A correspondent of the London Morning Chronicle writes from Vienna, that Mr. Webster's death will restore relations between Austria and the U. States, and that Mr. Hulsemann will return to Washington.

Seven prisoners escaped from the Baltimore jail on Saturday night, Dec. 11, viz: Edward Studden, charged with the murder of George Zimmerman; Thomas Conner, charged with the murder of Capt. William Hutchinson; Frederick Bloomer, convicted of fraud; George Sprole and Lewis R. King, counterfeiters; and John B. Haskell, indicted for fraud. They escaped with a skeleton key, made of bone, and scaled the jail wall by means of a rope ladder. Four have since been retaken, near Havre de Grace. Those charged with murder, have also since been retaken.

The Charleston Courier, in publishing the details of the recent fatal accident on the South Carolina Railroad, by the falling of a culvert, notes the following incident:

A most thrilling scene occurred immediately after the breakdown. A child's voice was heard calling from the bottom of the cars, which had fallen in, "Pa! Pa!" It was covered up with broken plank and the trunks of sixty or seventy passengers. It was the child of the Rev. Mr. Pringle, an Episcopal clergyman, who, in great agony, was wringing his hands, exclaiming, "My poor baby!" and supplicating the Almighty to save his child; and his supplications were heard; for, after a half hour's hard work, his baby was miraculously saved, with scarcely a scratch upon it. Mr. Muldrow, who was also in the same car, escaped uninjured, and Mr Henry B. DeLorme only had his leg a little bruised.

United States Troops in Texas.—There are at the present time, about 2,000 U. S. troops stationed on the border of Texas.—They generally enjoy good health, and are quite successful in repressing Indian outrages.

ALBANY, Dec. 13.—The Seminary at Richmondville was totally destroyed by fire this morning. The pupils, numbering over 300, were [illegible] the fire broke out, but [illegible] Loss above $[illegible]

France.

There is nothing important from France. The Empire is progressing steadily.

In the recent election in relation to the Empire, one-seventh of the voters in Paris abstained from voting at all.

The vote for the Empire, according to the public and private accounts, was conducted without any show of enthusiasm, but the returns will undoubtedly show a larger majority than any previous appeal to the people. The returns from eighty-three departments, including the army and navy, make the aggregate of yeas 7,200,000, while the nays are but 250,000.

The official proclamation of the Empire is expected to be made on the 2d Dec.

It is reported that Napoleon will address one manifesto to France, and another to Europe, both essentially pacific. He has already sent a message to the Legislature, stating that the Government will undergo a change of name only.

The steamship Niagara, which arrived at Halifax on Friday week, brings one week's later advices from England. In some respects they possess more than ordinary interest. The Ministry have receded from the commercial policy they professed when they went into power, and free-trade has achieved a final triumph, according to the statement of Earl Derby, who announced in the House of Lords that the object of calling Parliament together prior to the Christmas holidays was to close forever the controversy upon the question of protection. Mr. D'Israeli also stated in the House of Commons, that the Administration had never designed to advocate a repeal of the measures of the free traders. Reciprocacy of trade is confidently expected from this Government upon the installation of Mr. Pierce in the Presidency.

The news from Mexico is interesting. The revolution is making successful headway under the lead of General Uraga, who had surrounded the Federal troops commanded by General Valdez, and summoned them to surrender. He was being daily reinforced by the people of several States, while the Government party had received none, and had little hope of aid from the capital.

Altered Bank Notes.—Bank bills altered from ones of the Frederick county (Md.) Bank to fives and tens are in circulation.—The alteration is executed with so much skill that the best of judges have taken them. The plate, however, is altogether different from that of the genuine five.—The alterations are made by pasting over the die at the top of the genuine bill a very thin and transparent piece of paper, executed with the greatest nicety, in the same form, with the figure 5 on it. By rubbing this part of the bill between the finger, the edge of the piece pasted on will be perceptible, and the part, from having been glued or pasted, will appear stiffer. The other alterations are made in the same manner by substituting other figures and letters suiting. It is a dangerous note, and one that the public should be particularly cautioned against.

The Cholera is raging to a dreadful extent at St. Jago, and in some other towns in that part of Cuba,—private letters from there say that people are dying by hundreds a week. The mortality at St Jago is upwards of sixty a day. This for so small a place is indeed terrible. Accounts widely differ as to the number of deaths; but sixty is the lowest estimate, and some say it is double that number. The white population are said to be the severest sufferers. The grave diggers, it is said, had become panic struck—so that in many melancholy instances the dead were left unburied.

In Philadelphia, on Saturday, four of the fire companies of that city were cited before the Court of Quarter Sessions on charges of riot and disorderly behavior preferred against them by the police. The charges being proved against three, the Assistance Engine Company, and the Good-will and Spring Garden Hose Companies, they were ordered out of service for six months, the Court expressing its determination to enforce the law against all offending companies.

A firm in New York has been prosecuted for selling basely adulterated spices. They used yellow ochre in mustard, almost "anything" they turned into ground pepper, cloves, &c., to which were added minerals to sharpen up the taste!

Government Pensioners.—According to the official report just made, it appears that there are now 18,868 persons drawing pensions from the Government, exclusive of navy pensioners. During the past year the number has decreased 743. The amount paid out in pensions since the last report, amounts to about $1,500,000.

England could pay her debt, of 100 billions of dollars, in fourteen years, if she would take the pledge, and devote all the money now spent in intoxicating drinks to its liquidation. What a fact! And we have calculated nothing but the mere money spent: not the waste of time, labor, strength, health and life.

Verdict against a Railroad.—In the case of Yarnington and wife against the New Haven Railroad Company, to recover damages for injury sustained by Mrs. Y., during a collision of cars, (already referred to) the [illegible] returned a sealed verdict in favor of Plaintiff for $3,500.—*N. Y. Express.*

Sacramento City Destroyed by Fire!

A late arrival from California brings intelligence that the city of Sacramento has been almost entirely destroyed by fire.—Forty blocks of buildings were reduced to ashes, and the loss of property is estimated at *Ten Millions of Dollars!* The number of lives lost was eight or ten, and the number of buildings burnt 2500! The wind was blowing a gale, and the fire commenced fearfully and rapidly. Every public building in the city, with the exception of the Court-house, was destroyed. Three hundred and fifty buildings, many of them brick, have been erected within nine days after the fire, and a hundred more going up rapidly. The fire occurred on the evening of the 14th Nov. Not less than ten thousand of the population of Sacramento were left houseless and homeless. A Sacramento paper says:

Numerous squatters have already taken their places among the ruins, and some difficulty is anticipated between them and the rightful owners. For the last two nights, crowds of sufferers have slept on the Levee, in the open air; others, more fortunate, have secured places on the floors of the few buildings saved. One gentleman who arrived in town on yesterday, slept for two nights on a matress, with six others. The streets are almost impassable, with the clouds of smoke and cinders that fly in dense masses, absolutely blinding the passers. The Levee is heaped up promiscuously with goods and burnt remnants rescued from the flames, all more or less injured. Provisions are extremely scarce, all, or nearly all the supplies, coming from San Francisco.

Hundreds were flocking in from the mines, and sick with the sad spectacle, turned about and retraced their steps, preferring the chances of a life in the mountains to living amid such a scene of desolation.—Numbers of Indians, Sonorians and Chinese were in town, wandering about the streets and seaching for articles of value among the ruins.

The general feeling appears to be a determination to rebuild the city on a splendid scale, and in such a manner and of such materials as will ensure it from another disaster of like nature.

There were also destructive fires at San Francisco and Marysville, (Cal.) on the 24th ult. The loss in each city was about $100,000. There had been fire among the grain fields in the Napa Valley, doing damage to the amount of $75,000, and another among the farms in Calaveras county.

The improvements throughout the State of California are progressing rapidly. A line of telegraph between San Francisco and Marysville has been commenced, and a company has been organized for the construction of a railroad.

The vote polled in California at the Presidential election was over 70,000—and the majority for Pierce and King nearly 5,000. The entire Democratic State ticket was chosen, including McDougall and Latham for Congress. In the Legislature, the Democrats have 20 out of 27 Senators, and upwards of two thirds of the Assembly.

It is estimated that the losses by fire in California during the last three years, amount to $60,000,000! The State Journal, however, considers the estimate fifty per cent. too high.

Dreadful Earthquake in China.—In a late number of the Pekin Gazette there appears an account of a terrible earthquake, that occurred a few months ago, in the province of Kan-suh, in the northwest of China. The shocks commenced in the city of Chung-wei and its neighborhood on the 26th of May last, and were repeated many times during a space of fifteen days from that date. The devastation and loss of life caused was frightful. Upwards of three hundred persons were killed; more than 400 seriously hurt, and several thousand houses destroyed. The public offices, granaries, prisons, and also the ramparts of the city, were thrown down

A Mexican Earthquake.—The Trait d'Union says that on the 25th of October, at the town of Abaxotla, State of Guerrero, the earth opened and swallowed six houses, trees, &c. The paper does not state whether any lives were lost with the houses, but the earth has sunk about six feet for the space of three hundred feet square.

Cast iron pavements are being laid in Boston. The pavement is of a novel character, composed of circular boxes of cast iron, about twelve inches in diameter, and five inches in height, divided into six compartments, so small as not to admit the hoof of a horse.

Twenty millions of dollars are now paid, annually, by the United States to Cuba for her productions, and, of this, only about six millions are paid for in produce of this country and goods; the balance in specie and bills on London.

The Cumberland, Md., Journal says—

The National Road and Good Intent Stage Companies, in view of the completion of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, (where a large amount of their stock has recently been employed,) and the early opening of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Wheeling, are about to transfer their coaches and teams to North Carolina, where they have found employment for them. A daily line will still run over the National Road and Plank Road to the west.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Wheeling is to be opened on the 31st inst., and the President and his Cabinet, and the Governors of Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, have been invited to attend and participate in the ceremonies.

The Tariff—More Reduction.

As we anticipated, the election of Pierce has given a still stronger impulse to Free Trade, and a consequent depression to the protective policy. During the week in which Congress has been in session, the only question discussed in the lower House, has been a proposition to reduce the present Tariff. From the discussion we apprehend that nothing will be done with the Tariff law the present session; but the ground is taken that will lead to a remodeling of the Tariff to approximate nearer the Free Trade level, at the next Congress.

Now we are opposed and ever shall be opposed to such a policy, for we believe that a protective policy is the true policy, the one most conducive to the best interests of the people, and the permanent prosperity of the country. But public sentiment having apparently decided at the recent Presidential election, in favor of Free Trade, we expect to see the experiment fairly tried.—But we protest against a "Revenue Tariff," unless used as a protection. Any impost tax, except it be laid to protect the labor of our own country, is an imposition upon the poor, who are thus obliged to pay more than their portion for the support of Government. Either let us have Protection or Free Trade; all half way measures are to be repelled and denounced. They are oppressive to the poor, without producing any beneficial results.

We are receiving large amounts of gold from California, which might be retained amongst us if our own manufactures were properly protected; but the advocates of Free Trade hold it to be more expedient to send it to England to pay for English labor, and to strengthen a Monarchial Government for which locofoco politicians and people of this country appear to have taken a strong affection. Queen Victoria is greatly pleased to find this disposition in the American *Democracy!* to promote her interests at the expense of their own.

What if our factories should lie idle, and be thrown out of employment—English operatives benefit by this condition of things; and the English government is enabled to extend her conquests in India, and to hold Ireland with a tighter hand. We say, then, let the protective policy be abandoned, if it is the will of the people, and that will is supreme in this country. Let English tailors make our clothes, and English workmen supply us with all our articles of wearing apparel. This seems to be the wish of the working classes, as well as of the politicians of the United States; and we are willing that they shall be gratified. But we hope, that, whilst thus contributing to elevate English power and prosperity, at the expense of their own, we shall hear no more of the tyranny of the British government, or of the duty of the United States to labor for the propagation of republican principles. We cannot consistently assist and curse at the same moment. We have resolved to help England by adopting the policy which suits her interests, and we should not do it grudgingly. The time may arrive when those who are now supporting free trade will once more cry out for protection; but those who willfully furnish the stick to break their own heads, should not be pitied when they cry over a cracked skull.—*Harr. Tel.*

The One-Man Power Threatened.—Messrs. Avery, Strange, and other Democratic leaders in the North Carolina House of Commons, during the debate on the Land Resolutions, announced that "Gen. Pierce *would certainly* VETO *a bill to distribute the proceeds of the Public Lands amongst the States—that he was* PLEDGED *to do so.*" Is the legislation of Congress to be thus forestalled? Were the people of the State told of this by these leaders in the late campaign? Were they apprised of this *pledge* of Gen. Pierce to shut the door against us when applying for our just rights? What do those who voted for the Land Resolutions think of this pledge to lend a deaf ear to their just demands on the Government? When, since the days of the Stuarts, would a King of England have made such an announcement to the Parliament? Let not the friends of distribution be intimidated by such threats. If he does *veto* such a bill, Locofocoism will have its death-blow in this State.—*Raleigh Register.*

Senator Clement's resolution to confer the title of Lieutenant General upon Gen. Scott, meets with very general approbation, by Democratic as well as Whig journals, as a compliment. The Boston Post says that Democrats can heartily join in this testimonial to an old veteran, as expressive of the sense entertained of his patriotism and valor. It was political opinion which they contended against, and not the military excellence of Gen. Scott; and though political duty compelled them to oppose with all their strength, the unwise attempt to place him in a sphere for which, in their judgment, his previous training had unfitted him, yet now that the contest is ended, they will see with pleasure a deserved compliment bestowed on him as with the united voice of the public.

Secretary of State.—We learn from Washington that the nomination of Hon. Edward Everett, as Secretary of State, was on Thursday communicated to the Senate; and it gratifies us to state that the nomination was unanimously confirmed, at the instance of distinguished men of both parties, without the usual formality of a day's delay and a reference to a committee.

THE ADAMS SENTINEL AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.

CONGRESS.

DEC. 10.

To-day was another virtual holiday for members of Congress. Neither branch was in session for any considerable length of time, and while in session accomplished very little. In the Senate, Mr Hale's resolution repealing the rule withholding funeral honours from members who died during the recess, was taken up, and, after a brief discussion between the mover and Mr. Cass, was negatived. After a few minutes spent in Executive session, the Senate adjourned.

In the House, Mr. Duncan, of Massachusetts, announced the death of his colleague, Benjamin Thompson. Mr. Chandler joined in an eulogium on the deceased, and after passing the customary resolutions the House adjourned.

DEC. 11.

The Senate was not in session to-day.—In the House, Mr. Brooks introduced a resolution substantially the same as that which was rejected on Tuesday, in reference to the Tariff and the Revenue. This led to a discussion in which several members participated. Mr. Brooks argued that the accumulation of a large unemployed surplus would derange the commercial and monetary interests of the country, as well as encourage a wasteful administration of the government. He thought it better to dispose of it, no matter upon what scheme, rather than allow it to remain in the treasury. Some of the democrats who took part in this debate, showed an inclination to yield portions of the act of 1846, but without coming to any decision on the subject, the House adjourned.

DEC. 13.

In the Senate, to day, there was a lively discussion on a proposition, made by Mr. Bright, to appoint the Committees, from a list which he presented. Mr. Hale, in a good-humored way, complained of the exclusion of the Free-Soilers, and Mr Chase was quite indignant on the same subject. Mr. Walker declined to serve on the three committees for which he had been named, because he thought injustice was done to his State (Wisconsin) in the selection. He was excused, and when the rest of the list had been adoped, the Senate made several ineffectual attempts to fill the vacancies by ballot. Subsequently, Mr Underwood, who appeared in his seat for the first time during the present session, entered into a long and elaborate vindication of the claims of Mr. Dixon to his seat, which he had not concluded at the time of adjournment

In the House, after some unimportant business, Mr. Brooks' resolution in reference to the Tariff and Revenue was taken up in Committee of the Whole. Mr. Jones, of this State, opposed Mr. Brooks' proposition very earnestly, and declared himself opposed to any modification of the Tariff of '46 He avowed himself in favor of the *ad valorem* principle, and insisted that the whole matter should be left undisturbed until the new President had a chance of being heard. Mr. Jones was formerly a very decided Tariff man, and was supported by several ironmasters of his District on the ground that he was more reliable on this subject than his Whig competitor.—Other gentlemen mingled in the debate, all of whom favored Free Trade. After some conversation on other topics, the House adjourned.

DEC. 14.

In the Senate, the President's Message was taken up, and referred to different committees. When that portion of the Message referring to the death of Mr. Webster was read, Mr. Davis, of Mass., pronounced an eloquent and feeling eulogy upon his virtues and services, and offered the customary resolutions of respect. He was followed by Mr. Butler, Mr. Cass, Mr. Seward, and Mr. Stockton, in most chaste and thrilling offerings to his memory—when the resolutions were adopted, and the Senate adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Meade, of Virginia, made a powerful speech against protection, and contended that the reduction of duty on railroad iron would benefit every one; and which, he said, was exempt from duty previous to 1842. It would ever, he said, benefit the iron masters, who could transport their productions more cheaply, owing to the increase of railroads, thus multiplying the demand.

He contended that if custom houses were abolished throughout the world, it would be found adequate to the support of its inhabitants, and that protection benefited the owner of machinery to a far greater extent than the laborer employed in manufactories; hence, he said, rendering the capitalists of the North and the sugar-raisers of the South the millionaires of the country, the former of whom did not require protection, because labor would be turned to manufacturing whenever the demand for it by agriculture was supplied

He admitted that a surplus in the treasury might lead to extravagant and unconstitutional appropriations; and concluded by insisting that the Government ought, from the surplus, to have paid off the Mexican debt of six millions, upon which it was paying interest; instead of purchasing up bonds at fifteen per cent.; and by blaming the Democratic party for not passing a law compelling it to pay off the debt due Mexico.

Mr. Staunton, of Ohio, was opposed to the accumulation of a surplus in the Treasury, which might be obviated by a pro rata reduction of duties on all articles similar to those which could be manufactured in the country, and by abolishing it on all articles which do not come into competition with those manufactured here; he was in favor of protection for the sake of protection, and went for specific rather than ad valorem duties.

Mr. Millson followed, who said he viewed the tariff of 1846 as an installment of what is demanded by the spirit of the age; and although he did not consider the present the proper time for the introduction of the resolution of Mr. Brooks, yet if it was done with the consent of the Executive, he would concede to Mr. Fillmore the credit of attempting to destroy the protective policy. If it was not in accordance with the views of the President, he (Mr. M.) was willing that immediately after the reception of his protective message, Congress should determine to prostrate that policy forever.

But from recent developments he was satisfied that the object was not to injure the protective system. He proceeded to show that a reduction in the raw material, even to a small extent, would cause a much larger loss of revenue, and he was not willing to purchase a trifling benefit, at so great an expense. He then entered into a political economy disquisition, as connected with the trade and commerce of the country, and argued that abolishing protection would be to stimulate competition abroad.

Mr. Giddings, of Ohio, said there was no party issue involved in the resolution; that the tendency of public opinion is everywhere opposed to protection, and it was in vain to strive in favor of its continuance. He then adverted to the question of slavery, which seemed to be the sole object of the speech; at the conclusion of which the committee rose without any decisive action taking place with reference to the subject under discussion.

DEC. 15.

In the Senate, the only thing of interest that occurred, was the passage of a bill, reported by Mr. Mason, authorizing the expenditure of the sum appropriated for completing the survey of the Mexican boundary; and the introduction of a bill changing the bounty land law, so as to allow all who were engaged in the war of 1812, 160 acres of land. The Kentucky Election case was then taken up and discussed by Mr. Underwood and Mr. Toucey; and after a short Executive session, the Senate adjourned.

In the House, the subject of Mr. Webster's death came up upon a message received from the Senate, communicating its proceedings in reference to the matter.—Mr. Davis, of Mass., read a short and beautiful eulogium on the departed statesman; and concluded by moving that the House sympathize with the Senate in regret for his death, respect for his memory and appreciation of his worth; that the members wear crape for thirty days, and that the House adjourn Mr. Appleton, of Mass., seconded the motion in an essay of considerable length and ability. Mr. Preston, of Ky., delivered a brilliant and erudite speech, and who rose, as he said in conclusion, that Kentucky might pour a handful of earth upon the mound erected by a nation's gratitude to the illustrious dead.—Messrs. Seymour, of N. Y.; Chandler, of Pa.; Stanly, of N. C., and Taylor, of Ohio, followed with speeches replete with classic allusions and beauty, and apt quotations from the poets of England and antiquity, all tending to the same great truth embodied in the language of the British poet, quoted by Mr. Stanley, that

"The boast of heraldry, the pomp of power,
And all that beauty—all that wealth e'er gave,
Await alike the inevitable hour;
The path of glory leads but to the grave."

The House then adjourned, pursuant to resolution, at a quarter-past two o'clock.

DEC. 16.

In Senate, the principal subject was the Kentucky contested election. Messrs. Hale, Toucey, Brooke, Miller and Davis spoke—after which the Senate adjourned till Monday.

In the House of Representatives, the Tariff question was up again, and a variety of propositions were offered. The question was taken on a motion of Mr. Jones, that the committee report by bill, preserving the ad valorem principle, and reducing duties on exports so far as is consistent with an economical administration of the government. The vote was 84 yeas, and 80 nays. Mr. Hillyer, of Ga., moved an amendment that the principle of protection ought to be abandoned, and that duties should be levied for revenue alone—in other words that Free Trade should be established. This was carried. 85 to 41. Mr. Clingman, of N. C. made a proposition to remit the duties on railroad iron, which had not already been paid, and providing that in future it be imported duty free. Before the question was put, the House adjourned.

A Sad Event.—We learn by a letter from Poolsville that on Friday last a promising little child, aged four years, son of Mr. Joseph White, of Medley's District, Montgomery county, Md, set out, in company with two colored children of about the same age, to visit a near neighbor's house, but missed their way, became bewildered, and finally lost, in the darkness of night. Diligent search was made by the neighbors generally, but the little sufferers were not discovered until Sunday morning, they having wandered near five miles from home.—When found, they were lying within a few feet of each other, and life was extinct.—*Balt. Sun.*

An Unfortunate Emigrant.—Mr. Bateman, a citizen of Kenawha county, Va., and a man of property, emigrated with his family last spring to Texas. After his arrival there some of his servants died, and he started with his family to Virginia. On his way, says the Kenawha Republican, himself, wife, and five children fell victims to cholera and other diseases, and a large portion of them, at least, were buried in the rude sands on the banks of the lower Mississippi. At Memphis, the captain of the steamer gave the remaining children $100 to bring them to this county, and deposited $700 in bank there, the remains of his estate. The children arrived here last week.

Emigration to Texas—The emigration to Eastern Texas this fall is said to be unprecedented. The Jackson (Missouri) Jefferson says it is not uncommon for forty or fifty wagons per day to pass a single point *en route* to this portion of the State.

☞M. Walewski, ambassador of France to London, has, it is again rumored, received orders to demand explanations of the English Cabinet as to its tolerance of French refugees. A formal demand of expulsion is even mentioned.

Yet Another Planet.—Mr. Hind, the distinguished astronomer at Regent's Park, London, on the 16th of last month, discovered another planet, the seventh first seen by him, and the twenty-first now known to exist between Mars and Jupiter.

☞The latest Russian novelty is the smoking cigarettes containing tea instead of tobacco. The French paper, in which we find the circumstance, says the practice is becoming very fashionable, and tea has at least the merit of being less narcotic.

☞Meat Cakes made at Galveston, Texas, are finding a large sale in England.—They are cakes made out of flour and good meat mixed together, and then dried.—They will last four years, and are highly nutritious.

Wild Hogs.—In the census returns, in giving some facts connected with the introduction of hogs by the colonists of Virginia, it is stated that many of them went wild, their progeny becoming so numerous and dangerous that it was necessary to hunt and kill them as beasts of prey.

Late from Europe.

The steamer Africa arrived at New York on Friday, with Liverpool dates to the 4th inst.

The market for Flour and Grain was animated, and prices had largely advanced.—Wheat had advanced in one week 3 a 4d—Flour 1s. 6d and 2s—Corn 6d.

The French Empire was proclaimed on the 2d,—the majority for it being nearly eight millions. Napoleon accepted it, and took the oath. There was a grand display on the occasion.

☞The railroad train from Philadelphia to New York on Friday night came in contact with a carriage containing Wm. S. Durell, of Burlington, and Mrs. Durell, of Philadelphia. Mr. Durell was instantly killed, and the lady so terribly bruised as not to be expected to recover.

California.

According to the circular of Messrs Hussey, Bond & Hale, of 15th of November, the number of immigrants arrived at San Francisco from the 1st January, 1852, to 14th November, was 60,289, of whom 4,618 were females. The departures, seaward, during the same period, were 19,839—showing an increase of 40,400. The overland emigration is estimated at 45,000.

Breadstuffs continued dear at San Francisco. Several cargoes had changed hands at $40 per barrel—the smallness of the stock in market admitting of a monopoly. A gradual decline was generally anticipated. A sale to arrive in March next had been made at $16 per barrel. Sales of Corn Meal at $9 per hundred pounds Pilot bread had touched 16 cents

Lumber was extravagantly high, in consequence of the extraordinary demand to re-build Sacramento. Sales of Georgia pine flooring at $275 per M; white pine boards from $140 to $200 per M.

The Shortest Afternoon.—In the good old times, now passed away, in which noon always occurred precisely at twelve o'clock, the Sun, on the 21st of December rose later and sat earlier than on any other day in the whole year; but since the introduction of mean or equated time into general use, this has not been the case, and the 9th of December is now, in our latitude, the day in which the sun sets the earliest, and the 1st of January that on which he rises the latest, in the year The shortest day, or the least interval between the rising and setting occurs, however, as formerly, on December 21st, at the solstice, or when his declension is the greatest. The upper limb of the sun, in the latitude of Boston, sat a day or two ago at 4h. 28m and on the 31st it will be at 4h. 38m. or ten minutes later. On Friday morning it rose at 7h. 19m. but on the first of January it will not be visible in the horizon until 7h. 30m.

Death of Fanny Wright.—Frances Wright Darusmont, better known as Fanny Wright, died in Cincinnati, on Monday.—She had been confined to her room for many months, having never recovered from a severe fall which occurred to her last winter.

☞Jerome Bonaparte is to be appointed King of Algeria.

From the Bedford (Pa) Inquirer.

☞A single box of Nixon's celebrated Ointment scarcely ever fails to cure the most inveterate case of Tetter, Ringworm or Itch Numerous cases in this County attest this. We recommend the afflicted to try it

For sale by S. H Buehler, Gettysburg; Samuel Berlin, Littlestown; John Busbey, McSherrystown; Matthew Eichelberger, Abbotstown; and J. H. & Z Aulabaugh, East Berlin.

☞"I DIGEST." Such is the true meaning of the word "Pepsin," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the True Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice, prepared by Dr J. S. Houghton, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders Good Eating perfectly consistent with Health See the figure of the Ox, in another page of this paper

Baltimore Price Current.

Flour.	5 00 to 5 66
Wheat.	1 04 to 1 12
Rye.	80 to 87
Corn.	58 to 60
Oats.	36 to 42
Cloverseed.	5 94 to 6 00
Beef Cattle.	5 00 to 6 75
Hogs.	7 25 to 7 50

Married,

On the 7th inst., by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. JESSE HECK, to Miss ANN E. ALTHAUS—both of Mountjoy township.

On the 14th inst., by the same, Mr JACOB STAHLSMITH, to Mrs. MARY ANN BINGAMAN—both of Franklin township.

On the 9th inst., by the Rev. J Ulrich, Mr. DAVID PENTZ, to Miss ELIZABETH DUTTERA—both of York county.

On the 16th inst., by the same, Mr FREDERICK H DARR, of York county, to Miss JEMIMA ANN STEVENS, of Adams county.

On the 14th inst, by the Rev J. Sechler, Mr. CHARLES SPANGLER, of this county, to Miss CAROLINE MEHRING, of Carroll county, Md.

On the 9th inst., by the Rev. D. P. Rosenmiller, Mr. GEORGE RINEHALER, of Carroll co., Md., to Miss EMELINE JANE FEESER, of this county.

On the 16th inst., by the same, Mr. GEORGE HOUCK, Jr., to Miss MATILDA WOLF—both of this county.

Died,

At Ash Grove, near Littlestown, on Sunday the 5th inst., after a protracted and painful illness, Mrs SARAH M., wife of Henry Spalding Esq., aged 57 years. She lived a pious and exemplary life, and her death was edifying and consoling to her numerous friends

On the 12th inst., of diabetes, DAVID FRANKLIN, son of Mr. Henry Lott, of Cumberland township, aged 15 years and 9 months.

In the Matter

Of the intended application of JOHN A. H. RETHER for License to keep a Public House in the township of Butler

WE, the undersigned, citizens of Butler township, where the above JOHN A. H. RETHER resides, and proposes to keep a tavern, do certify, that the said tavern is necessary to accommodate the public and entertain strangers and travelers and that the aforesaid petitioner is a person of good repute for honesty and temperance, and is well provided with house room and other conveniences for the accommodation of strangers and travelers

John Catew, Andrew Mclvaine, Abraham Mumma, Daniel Linard, David Jacobs, Israel Shank, Daniel Herges, Isaac Yount, Henry Keser Henry Pehl, Henry Buckler, Henry Hartzell

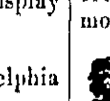
Dec. 20.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, and to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, *on Saturday the 15th of January next*, at 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, the following property, to wit:

No. 1. A Lot of Ground,

situate in Huntington township, Adams county, Pa., containing FIVE ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of John Miller, Samuel Shelly, and others,



on which are erected a two-story Frame DWELLING-HOUSE, with a one-story Back Building attached, a Log Stable and other out buildings. There is a spring of water on the lot.

—ALSO—

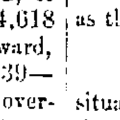
No. 2. A Lot of Ground,

situate in Huntington township, Adams county, containing 11 ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of Daniel Biteman, Michael Lear, and others, part of the Lot being cleared and part of it covered with TIMBER Seized and taken in execution as the property of *Isaac Thomas*.

—ALSO—

No. 1. A Lot of Ground,

situate in the Borough of Gettysburg, fronting on Middle street and running back to an alley, adjoining lots of Emanuel Ziegler and others, on which are erec-



ted a two-story Frame DWELLING, a 1 story Frame Dwelling, a Stable, and other out buildings.

—ALSO—

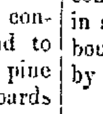
No. 2. A Lot of Ground,

containing 3½ ACRES, more or less, situate in same borough, fronting on Middle street, bounded east and west by alleys, and south by lands of George Little.

—ALSO—

No. 3. A Lot of Ground,

situate in same borough, fronting on York street, and bounded by an alley, and lots of Nicholas Codori and others, on which are



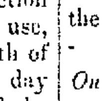
erected a one-story Log Rough-cast HOUSE, and other buildings. Seized and taken in execution as the estate of *James Bowen*.

—ALSO—

On Wednesday the 12th of January next, at 11 o clock, A. M., on the premises,

A certain Tract of Land,

situate in Hamilton township, Adams co., containing 18 ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of John Mummert, Jacob Baker, and others, on which are



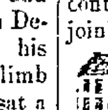
erected a two-story Brick DWELLING, a Brick Bank Barn, Corn-crib and other out buildings. There is a well of water near the door, and a young ORCHARD on the premises. The buildings front on the turnpike leading from East Berlin to Hanover. Seized and taken in execution as the estate of *John Grove*.

—ALSO—

On Wednesday the 12th of January next, at 1 o clock, P. M., on the premises.

A Tract of Land,

situate in Hamilton township, Adams co., containing TWELVE ACRES, more or less, adjoining lands of Jacob Baker, John Grove, John Wiest, and others,



on which are erected a two-story Brick DWELLING HOUSE, with a two-story Brick Back building attached, a frame weather-boarded Barn, with Wagon-shed and Corn-Crib attached, an ORCHARD of Choice Fruit, and a well of water with a pump in it near the door. This is a desirable property, the building fronting on the turnpike leading from East Berlin to Hanover, and is in a good state of cultivation. Seized and taken in execution as the estate of *Abraham Trimmer*.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, December 20, 1852. ts

☞Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff, must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, and on failure to comply therewith, the property will be again put up for sale.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, *on Monday the 17th of January next*, viz:

89. The first and final account of Geo. Weaver, jr., Adm'r of John Plank, jr., deceased, who was Guardian of the persons and estates of Margaret Sophia Wehrly, George Washington Wehrly, Samuel Wehrly, Mary Lucinda Wehrly, Jacob Wehrly, and Amelia Wehrly, minor children of George Wehrly, late of Menallen township, Adams county, dec'd

90. The first and final account of Abraham Krise, (of A.) Executor of the last will and testament of Joseph Clark, dec'd

DANIEL PLANK, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Dec 20, 1852.

JURY LIST—JANUARY TERM.

GRAND JURY.

Borough—Robert Smith, Daniel Lasbell, George Geyer, jr., Wm Culp
Huntington—James Davis, Wm. Peters.
Union—Samuel Young William Unger, John Rife.
Germany—Charles Weirich Benjamin Landis.
Oxford—Jacob Slagle.
Hamilton—David Newcomer.
Conowago—Jacob M. Wortz (of M.)
Franklin—Israel Little, David Chamberlin, Geo. Geyer.
Liberty—Emanuel Overholtzer.
Latimore—George F. Miller.
Reading—Joseph J. Kuhn
Mountjoy—Wm. Young
Straban—Robert K. M'Ilheny, Michael Saltzgever.
Freedom—John McCleary.

GENERAL JURY.

Mountjoy—Jesse D. Newman, Joseph Fink, Henry Snyder, James M'Ilhenny Moses Schwartz.
Tyrone—Andrew Haverstock, David Conley.
Franklin—Wm H Wiertman, Daniel Brough
Straban—Frederick Forney, [illegible], David C. Brinkerhoff, Robert Major, Samuel F. Neely, David P. Hemond
Butler—Wm S. Hamilton
Reading—John London, Wm. S Hildebrand, Samuel Overholtzer
Germany—Joseph Rintz Jacob Pitzer, George Will
Borough—Am J. Martin George Warren, John Culp
Huntington—John Gardner, John Mosser, Geo. A. Gr[illegible], Wm. R. Stroudon.
Conowago—Michael Riley, Levi Kindig
Liberty—Samuel Krise, John Fiche.
Hamiltonban—John Kesseler, Robert Blythe
Latimore—George Gardner, Nathan Smith, Peter S[illegible]
Cumberland—Wm. Ross, Samuel Galagher
Union—John Diehl
Hamilton—[illegible]
Menallen—[illegible] Miller, Wm. Morrison, Is[illegible]
Mountpleasant—Alexander Shultz.
Freedom—James Cunningham, sen.

Dec 20. te

RAIL-ROAD MEETING.

A Meeting of the Citizens of Adams County, favorable to the construction of a RAIL ROAD from Gettysburg to Hanover, will be held in the Court-house in Gettysburg,

On Tuesday the 21st day of December, inst. AT 11 O'CLOCK, A. M.

An experienced engineer, SAMUEL W. MIFFLIN, Esq., will meet with the people, and submit a proposition for the construction of the Road, and hints and data from which the probable revenue and benefits to be derived from the contemplated Road may be deduced.

Let all good citizens, farmers, mechanics, men of every business and class, turn out to the meeting. Come from the shop and from the farm, the valley and the mountain, and let us make an earnest, an united and successful effort for a Rail Road.

☞A full attendance of the Commissioners is expected

By order of the Commissioners.

Dec. 10, 1852.

SIXTIETH VOLUME.

The Franklin Repository & Whig,

Published Weekly at Chambersburg, Pa.

THE Franklin Repository and Whig enters its SIXTIETH year, enjoying a degree of prosperity in all its departments unexampled in its former history Its circulation never was so large, its advertising and jobbing never so extensive; and its rapidly increasing list of readers affords the surest guarantee that the various improvements introduced by the present Proprietor have been well appreciated, and will be amply rewarded, by an intelligent public.

The Repository and Whig is of the largest class of papers, containing thirty-two long columns, and is printed on entirely new type and the best quality of paper Its advertisements are set compactly in the smallest type, so that ample room is left for a quantity and variety of reading matter rarely offered to the patrons of Country journals

The arrangements for conducting the different departments of the Repository and Whig are of the most complete character. The Political and general Editorial Departments are under the immediate supervision of the Proprietor; and the Local and Literary Departments are in the charge of gentlemen whose capacity and experience have rendered these comparatively new features in Country papers, at once interesting and useful to the general reader A small portion of the paper will be devoted monthly to Medical Miscellany, as prepared from our medical exchanges by one of our leading Physicians Particular attention will be paid to the Reports of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Chambersburg Markets, which will be given weekly.

The first number of the New Volume, which will be issued on Thursday, Jan. 6, 1853, will contain a strikingly accurate likeness of the late Hon. Daniel Webster, with a biographical sketch and reminiscences connected with his life; and during the year we will publish portraits of President Fillmore, Hon. Rufus Choate, Hon. S. S. Prentiss, Hon. Wm. H. Seward, Hon. R. C. Winthrop, Horace Greely, and Gov. Hunt, all of which are engraved in the very best style on wood. Biographical sketches will also appear with each portrait

While it will ever be the aim of the Proprietor of the Repository and Whig to render it a welcome visitor to every class of readers, he will endeavor to render it especially useful and indispensable to Whigs Its columns will not be freighted to any considerable extent with Political matter when there is little or no interest felt on the subject; but when the occasion demands it, it will be second to no journal in a zealous support of the Principles, the Usages, and the Candidates of the Whig party.

Advertisements.—The circulation of the Repository and Whig is 2,200, and it is certainly the *very best* advertising medium in this section of the State.

TERMS.

One copy, if paid within three months,	$1 75
" " within the year,	2 00
" not paid within the year,	2 25
Five copies, embracing 3 new subscribers,	8 00
Ten " " 5 "	15 00

When clubs are ordered, the money must invariably accompany the order. Letters must be addressed, post-paid, to

ALEX K. McCLURE, *Chambersburg, Pa*

Dec. 20.

WANTED,

A large quantity of WHEAT, RYE, and YELLOW CORN, for which Hanover prices will be paid, delivered at my Mills at Locust Grove GEO. ARNOLD.

☞FARMERS wanting a barrel of Superfine Flour made out of 240 pounds of Wheat, by Bonnell's new process of Flouring, will please call at Locust Grove, in Germany township.

JOHN CRABBS, MILLER.

Dec. 13. 2m

NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber has just returned from Philadelphia, with a magnificent assortment of

NEW GOODS,

embracing everything staple and desirable, which he is prepared to sell at unusually low prices, and to which he respectfully invites the patronage of old and new customers.

D. MIDDLECOFF.

Nov. 22. tf

JOHN F. CLARK,

Agent for Procuring Patents,

Corner of E & 8th streets, near the Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Specifications and Drawings prepared. Particular attention paid Rejected Applications,

☞Reference to WM. KING, Esq, Washington.

Nov. 29. tf

HANOVER BRANCH RAILROAD.

Change of Hours!

ON AND AFTER THE 1ST OF DECEMBER, there will be Three Trains over this Road daily, to run as follows:—

First Train leaves Hanover at 6 A M with Passengers for Baltimore arriving there at 9¾ A. M. Returning from Junction with Passengers from York, arrives at Hanover at 7¾ A. M.

Second Train leaves Hanover at 8¾ A. M. with Passengers for York, arriving there at 10 A. M. Returning to Hanover with Passengers from Baltimore at 12 M

Third Train leaves Hanover at 2 P. M with Passengers for Baltimore and York, arriving at Baltimore at 5¾, and at York 7¾ P. M. This Train returns to Hanover with Passengers from York and Baltimore at 7¾ P. M

EDWARD E. YOUNG, *Agent.*

Hanover, Dec. 6. tf

MUFFS! MUFFS!

A supply of MUFFS, of a superior quality, just received at SCHICK'S.

FRENCH Worked Collars, and Sleeves, in great variety, and cheap too, can be had at

Nov. 22 MIDDLECOFF'S

☞At the late election, 526,180 votes were polled in New York State—a much larger number than on any previous occasion.

MORE NEW GOODS:

THE RICHEST & BEST ASSORTMENT OF

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

For Gentlemen's Wear,

EVER OPENED IN GETTYSBURG!

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH

TAKE pleasure in calling the attention of their friends and the public to their extensive stock of Fashionable Goods for Gentlemen's wear, just received from the city, which, for variety of style, beauty of finish, and superior quality, *challenges comparison* with any other stock in the place. Our assortment of

Cloths, plain and fancy Tweeds and Cassimeres, Vestings, Satinets, Over Coatings, &c., &c.

CAN'T BE BEAT! Give us a call, and examine for yourselves We have purchased our stock carefully, and with a desire to please the tastes of all, from the most practical to the most fastidious.

☞TAILORING, in all its branches, attended to as heretofore, with the assistance of good workmen.

☞The FASHIONS for Fall and Winter have been received.

Gettysburg, Dec. 13. tf

COLLECTORS, TAKE NOTICE!

THE Collectors of Taxes in the different townships of Adams county, are hereby notified that they will be required to settle up their duplicates on or before *Tuesday the 28th day of December next*, on which day the Commissioners will meet at their office to give the necessary exonerations.

JACOB GRIEST,
ABRAHAM REEVER, } *Comm'rs*
JOHN MICKLEY, Jr

Attest—J. AUGHINBAUGH, *Clerk.*

Nov. 22. td

NOTICE.

Estate of William Hemler, deceased.

LETTERS of Administration on the Estate of WILLIAM HEMLER, late of Germany township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said Estate, to call and settle the same; and those having claims are desired to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement

EDWARD SPALDING, *Adm'r.*

Nov 15. 6t

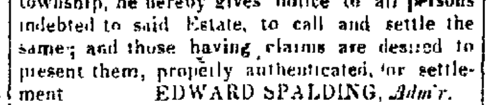
NOTICE.

Estate of George Harman, deceased.

LETTERS Testamentary on the Estate of GEORGE HARMAN, late of Berwick township Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscribers, residing in the same township, they hereby give notice to all persons indebted to said estate, to call and settle the same, and those having claims are desired to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement

ALEX. HARMAN, } *Exec'rs.*
JOHN ELDER,

Nov. 22 6t



FARE REDUCED

From Gettysburg to York.

THE fare, by Coaches, from Gettysburg to York, has been reduced to $1.75, and Round Tickets will be given for $3 00—good for ten or fifteen days—way fare in proportion.

This is the cheapest and best route to the Eastern Cities. Passengers will be carried on this route in good coaches, with careful Drivers, and taken to the Cars in York, and not subject to so many changes, which are so unpleasant in travelling

☞For seats and other information, apply at Mr McCLELLAN'S HOTEL, in Gettysburg, and at Mr. WELSH'S HOTEL, at the Railroad Depot in York.

D. GEHR.

Nov. 29. 3m

DAILY LINE BETWEEN

GETTYSBURG & HANOVER.

THE undersigned has made arrangements to run a DAILY LINE of

COMFORTABLE COACHES;

between Gettysburg and Hanover—leaving Gettysburg in the morning in time to connect with the cars for Philadelphia, Baltimore, Harrisburg, Pittsburg, and intermediate towns; and returning the same day after the arrival of the Baltimore and Philadelphia trains.

☞For seats apply at Diller's Hotel, Hanover, or to the undersigned, in Gettysburg.

JOHN L. TATE.

Oct. 11. tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT

BETWEEN

HARRISBURG & GETTYSBURG.

THERE will a comfortable Coach leave Harrisburg every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and arrive early in the afternoon at Gettysburg. Same Coach will leave Gettysburg, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 o'clock, A. M., so as to arrive at Harrisburg in time to take the Railroad cars or boat for the west.

☞For seats apply at M'CLELLAN'S Hotel.

WM. COLDER, JR.

Oct. 4. tf

DAILY LINE.

FARE REDUCED!

THE subscribers announce to the traveling public that they are now running a

DAILY LINE OF STAGES,

between Gettysburg and Chambersburg, leaving Gettysburg at 7 o'clock, A. M., and returning by 7 o'clock, P. M., of same day. Fare each way $1.50.

Stage Office in Gettysburg, at the "Eagle Hotel."

GEHR, TATE & CO.

Aug. 2

KEEP it before the people, that MARCUS SAMSON has just received one of the largest and most varied assortment of OVERCOATS of every description ever offered in the County, and at prices that will not only please, but really astonish. Give him a call before purchasing.

UNDER SHIRTS AND DRAWERS—We have on hand a very excellent assortment of Wool, Cotton and knit Under shirts and Drawers Always remember that SAMSON gets and gives Bargains. Oct 4.

CLOTHS, Summer Cassimeres, Sattinets Vestings, Cravats for sale at KURTZ'S.

VESTS! VESTS!—We have on hand a large and very general assortment of Vests, such as Plain and Figured Satins, Cassimeres, Cashmere, Velvets, Plods, &c &c. Remember that SAMSON'S is the place Oct. 4

THE LADIES

ARE requested to call and examine FAHNESTOCK'S large and beautiful stock of Dress Goods, consisting of Mouse de Laine, Merinoes, De Bage Damasceones, Thibet Cloths, Cravelle Lustres, Canton Cloths, Alpacas also Black and Fancy Dress Silks and Satins, for sale cheap at the

Oct 11 SIGN OF THE RED FRONT.

A cheap lot of Looking Glasses just received which will be sold cheaper than any body in town by A. ARNOLD

GENTLEMEN who want Fancy Colored French Cloths Cashmeretts, and Tweeds for Coats, Mole Drab and Black Doe Skin Pants, Silk, Satin, and Marseilles for vesting, can find a good assortment, at very low prices, at the well known stand of J. R. KURTZ

VALUABLE AND PRODUCTIVE

JEFFERSON COUNTY FARM

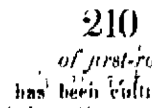
FOR SALE.

THE subscriber intending to leave the county, offers at Private Sale the Farm, on which he resides, located near Leetown, about five miles from Charlestown, the County seat, and about 11 miles from Shepherdstown, 2½ miles to Cameron's Depot, on the W. & P. Railroad, 5 miles from Kerneysville Depot on the B. & O. Railroad.—The said Farm contains

210 3-4 ACRES

of first-rate Limestone Land.

It has been cultivated for the last nine years, chiefly with a view of improvement, and is now in a highly productive condition. There is about 60 Acres well Timbered, and a large quantity of good Locust. The Improvements consist of a



GOOD LOG HOUSE, with a Brick addition attached, and a Brick Wing, 30 feet long; a first rate Brick Smoke-house, good Corn house. Also a never-failing WELL of Limestone water.

The place is well supplied with Fruit, there being a *YOUNG ORCHARD*, just

commenced bearing, and another planted last Fall. The locality, style, and condition of this Property render it very eligible for the terms at which it will be disposed.

The terms will be made known on application to the subscriber.

JNO. HENRY ALLSTADT.

Leetown, Jeff. co., Va, Nov. 29. 3t

BOUNTY LANDS.

PERSONS entitled to Bounty Lands under the acts of Congress of the United States can have their claims promptly and efficiently attended to, by application either personally or by letter, to the subscriber, at his office in Gettysburg. Claimants whose applications have been suspended on account of deficiency in proof, may find it to their advantage to call.

☞The fee charged is $5 in each case, payable upon the delivery of the warrant.

The subscriber will also attend to claims for Pensions for Revolutionary or other services and the location of lands The sale and purchase of Land Warrants attended to, and the highest cash price paid for the same.

R. G McCREARY, *Attorney at Law.*

May 17. tf

BOUNTY LAND WARRANTS

Located, Bought and Sold.

I have $1,000 to invest in Land Warrants,

Will pay the highest market price, in cash, for Warrants, and will sell Warrants for Soldiers.—Persons wishing to buy Land Warrants or Land, can be supplied.

I Locate Warrants at the lowest prices and on the best lands, from actual inspection, also furnishing description of soil, timber, &c. &c., in *Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin*, and in all the other Western States—having numerous locating agents there.

Apply personally or by letter to

D. M'CONAUGHY.

S W Corner Diamond, Gettysburg.

April 12 2m

JOSEPH P. CLARKSON,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law, & Solicitor in Chancery,

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,

COMMISSIONER for the acknowledgment of Deeds, taking Depositions, &c for Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Michigan and Wisconsin. Particular attention given to Collections, Investments, sale and purchase of Lands, Location of Land Warrants, &c.

All professional business promptly and faithfully attended to.

REFERENCES.

Hon JAMES COOPER,	Pottsville, Pa.
Hon. D M SMYSER,	Norristown, Pa.
R. G. HARPER, Esq.	Gettysburg, Pa.

May 17.

JAMES G. REED,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE late of Hon. D. M. SMYSER, on Baltimore street, third door from the Diamond.

April 12. tf

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

Dec. 23. tf

WM. H. STEVENSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE, with A. R. Stevenson, Esq., in the North West corner of the Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pa.

H. L. FISHER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

(*Speaks the German Language.*)

Office opposite the Bank, Gettysburg, Pa

Nov. 22

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE in the Southwest Corner of the Public Square, one door South of George Arnold's Store, formerly occupied as a Law Office by John M'Conaughy, Esq., deceased.

☞D M'Conaughy will also attend promptly to all business entrusted to him as

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Patents and Pensions.

He has made arrangements through which he can furnish very desirable facilities to applicants, and entirely relieve them from the necessity of a journey to Washington.

☞D. M'C is prepared to attend to the prosecution of claims for BOUNTY LAND to Soldiers of the War of 1812 and others—the selection of *choice lands*, and locating their *Warrants*—procuring *Patents*, and selling *Soldiers' land* to the best advantage.

☞Apply personally or by letter.

Gettysburg Nov. 4 tf

REMOVAL.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

DENTIST.

HAS removed his Office to the building opposite the Lutheran Church in Chambersburg street, two doors east of Mr. Middlecoff's Store, where those wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Dr C N Berluchy	Rev C P Krauth, D D
" D. Horner.	Prof M Jacobs,
" H S. Huber,	" H. L. Baugher
" D Gilbert,	" H. A. Muhlenberg
Rev. Robt Johnston,	" M. L. Stoever.

OVER-COATS.

A large lot of Ready-made OVER-COATS of all sorts, sizes and colors are offered by

Dec. 6. SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH.

THE prettiest and cheapest PRINTS in town DE LAINES SACKING FLANNELS, and GUM SHOES of every description, a fresh supply just received by the York fast line, and now opening at D MIDDLECOFF'S *Cheap Store*

Nov. 2

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Congressional Visits to the President.

The President yesterday received visits from a large number of the members of both Houses of Congress. The sincere respect entertained for Mr. Fillmore, even by the most thoroughgoing politicians of the party opposed to him, may be distinctly read in the faces and bearing of all when brought into intercourse with him. Now that partisan motives no longer intrude to warp men's judgments in regard to him, the high qualities of President Fillmore, both as a Magistrate and a man, are freely and fully acknowledged. It is lamentable to think, however—and the thought will force its way in spite of resistance—how differently all this would have been, had Mr. Fillmore been put in nomination as our candidate for President. The floodgates of party wrath would have been opened upon him, and his veriest virtues transmuted into inexpiable faults. What grievous stains do the selfishness and acrimony of party politics inflict upon the history of our times!—*Nat. Int., Dec.* 11.

☞A Washington letter in the New York Courier says—

There is to be an animated, if not a bitter struggle for ascendency under the incoming Administration, between the rival divisions, respectively headed by General Cass and Mr. Buchanan. It was given out authoritatively by the friends of the former, at an early day after the election, that he did not expect or desire position in the new Cabinet. And it is now stated there was a distinct understanding that a similar course should be pursued by the latter. But so far from remaining passive or indifferent, the advocates of Mr. Buchanan have pressed his claims with unseemly zeal, and with so much determination as to excite the jealousy and hostility of the opposing interest. The truce is therefore ended, and prominent politicians announced to day that General Cass would yield his original objections to the acceptance of office, rather than consent to see the Administration controlled by an adverse influence. In this dilemma and collision of opposing forces, General Pierce will probably seek counsel of prudence, by avoiding both, and endeavoring to strengthen himself with advisers not specially identified with either.

It is easy to foresee, too, that he will be immediately surrounded by a personal party, anxious to recommend itself to favor by urging his re-election, and that unless he should prove to be firmer in moral courage than any predecessor for five and twenty years, he will be readily persuaded to conform his own inclinations to an alleged public demand. This would serve as an additional reason for excluding any avowed candidate for the Presidency from the Cabinet, although it might not be politic to admit the motive. Every tangible indication warrants the conclusion that no overshadowing influence will be brought in dangerous proximity to the President elect. General Pierce has seen enough of public life and of public men to satisfy him of the value and safety of mediocrity, and it is reasonable to suppose he will improve all the advantages derived from experience.

Santa Anna Recalled to Mexico.—We yesterday, for the first time, learned from a gentleman who came passenger on the New Orleans, which arrived here on last Sunday night, that a Revolution had broken out on the Western Coast of Mexico, having for its object the recall of Santa Anna, to again take hold of the reins of government.

How far into the interior the revolutionary spirit had spread, was not known at the moment of our latest advices from Acapulco; but from previous indications and intelligence from the Atlantic side, we cannot but suppose it to be general throughout the country.

It is well known that General Santa Anna has been living, since his exile from Mexico, near Carthagena, on the Atlantic side of this Republic. A late paper from that city brings us information that intelligence had reached the distinguished Mexican as to the feelings of his countrymen; and that he "*would sail for Mexico in a few days,*" to assume the new powers conferred upon him.—*Panama Star, Nov.* 22.

Fire and Loss of Life.—At New York, on Tuesday evening, a fire broke out in a dwelling house situated in the rear of No. 214 Centre street, and occupied by a large number of poor families. The flames spread through the premises with great rapidity, and for several hours baffled all exertions of the firemen to subdue them. The most alarming excitement prevailed, as the human beings in the upper stories were unable to escape, owing to the intense heat of the fire, and the thick black smoke below them.—The hook and ladder companies were promptly on the ground, and, by the aid of their apparatus, men, women, and children were rescued from their perilous situations.—There were, however, three helpless little children burnt to death. Their screams were heard, but all efforts to find them proved unavailing, and the poor little creatures suffered a shocking death. Two firemen were severely injured whilst attempting to rescue the inmates of the burning building.

More Murders in New York.—Notwithstanding there are now seven murderers awaiting execution in the prison of New York, there were three more murders committed in that city on Saturday and Sunday week. One occurred in a porter house, where a drunken fellow stabbed another mortally. The second in a dance house, where a negro being attacked, stabbed an assailant in the neck, of which he instantly died. The third was struck on the head with an axe, by one of a party of five, of which he will die. There is still another man in the hospital, who will die of a broken skull, received from being struck with a paving stone on the night of the 4th from an unknown hand.

Melancholy and Fatal Occurrence.—A little mud hut in Harford county, Maryland, was occupied by two Germans, named Frederick Sayler and Mrs. Eva Gatcher, both of whom have recently arrived in this country from Germany. During a heavy storm, the upper part of the roof commenced leaking, when both went out and endeavored to fill up the crevices by placing soft earth thereupon. The weight of the clay was more than the frame-work could possibly support, when it gave way and fell to the ground with a tremendous crash, killing four children. Two were children of Mrs. Gatcher, one aged four months and the other four years; the others were children of Mr. Snyder, one aged twelve and the other five years.

Expedition to Africa.

Commander Lynch is now on his way to the African coast. He will land at Liberia, Cape Palmas, and other points, and will pursue his inquiries as far as the river Gaboon, with a view to the ascertainment of such localities on the margin of the African continent as may present the greatest facilities, whether by the river courses or by the inland routes, for penetrating with the least hazard into the interior. He will collect information touching the geographical character of the country, its means of affording the necessary supplies of men and provisions, the temper of the inhabitants, whether hostile or friendly, the proper precautions to be observed to secure the health of a party employed, and all other items of knowledge upon which it may be proper hereafter, to prepare and combine the forces essential to the success of a complete and useful exploration of the interior.

Baltimore and the West.—The trade between Baltimore and the West, by the route of the Baltimore and Susquehanna railroad, has been steadily and rapidly on the increase since the completion of the Pennsylvania railroad to Pittsburg. At the present time this trade ranges from 180 tons to 200 tons per day. In the shipments made from Baltimore to the West—amounting to about 40 tons per day—there are included large quantities of dry goods, groceries, tobacco, segars, oysters, &c., destined for Pittsburg, Chicago, Wheeling, Cincinnati, Louisville, Nashville and various minor points; and in the produce transmitted to Baltimore from the West are pork, bacon, hams, lard, tobacco, flour, whiskey, butter, eggs, &c., &c. Among the provisions already received by this route was a parcel of one thousand barrels new mess pork, packed this season at Cincinnati, and intended for the use of the naval squadron in the Pacific.

What Plank Roads do.—The Fayetteville (N. C.) Observer, under the head of "Fortune in Spite of One's Self," says:

"We learn that a sale took place in this county a few days ago, amounting to about $16,000, of lands which would not have sold for half the money until the plank roads were built through and near them.—The owner never subscribed a cent to build the roads, but higgled for damages against the companies for passing through his lands."

Live Hogs.—The Cleveland Plain Dealer says, there is no business in Ohio that is more rapidly increasing than the exporting of live hogs. It is not more than five years since the first commencement was made of sending fat live hogs to an eastern market, and now it is almost the only method of disposing of surplus pork. The facilities for cheap and rapid transportation by the network of railroad terminating at the eastern cities, have contributed to bring about this result.

☞It must be confessed they have a pleasant way of doing pleasant things out West. On Thanksgiving day the Rev. Mr. Grundy's congregation at Louisville, (Ky.) by a concerted movement, but without any previous notice to Mr. G., surrounded his house by carriages and various vehicles directly after service, bringing a large company of members of his church and outsiders, together with a most abundant supply of the richest and best eatables ready for the table, and many other valuable presents. The ladies took immediate possession of the house, spread the table, feasted the parson and family, the company, and themselves, and followed that performance by a social party, which dispersed about ten o'clock at night.—*Courier.*

Chinese in Cuba.—There are now said to be two thousand Chinese laborers in the island of Cuba, and six thousand more are on their way there. They are exported at a cost of $125 a head, and receive $5 a month for the eight or ten years for which they are bound to their employer, by whom the expense of their exportation is paid.—Those already in the Island it is said have given great satisfaction by the industry and intelligence they display.

☞A German named George Drager, for the last six years employed in the shops of the Mad River Railroad, was killed at Sandusky, on Thursday morning week, by the explosion of a barrel, into which he had put unslacked lime for to cleanse it. On pouring boiling water upon his lime and shaking the barrel after closing the bung, it exploded with great force, and so badly shattered the German's head as to cause his death in a few moments. He leaves a wife and four small children.

Proscribed Pigeons.—The Austrian police of Parma, the famous little Duchy that was once transferred to Maria Louisa, the widow of Napoleon, has recently discovered that *carrier pigeons* may be made the means of diffusing political heresies, and so have made war upon that poor harmless race, which they have exterminated.

Emigration to Texas.—There appears to be a constant stream of emigration into Texas, both from this country and from Europe. While ships are daily arriving at Galveston, Indiana and Arkansas from Europe, filled with emigrants, and while each steamer that leaves New Orleans is crowded with the sturdy sons of the Mississippi valley, destined also for Western Texas, the northern and eastern portions of the State are receiving constant accessions by the way of Red River and Arkansas.

☞Silver is again in demand, and the rate of premium over gold is advancing.—The rate is now 3 & 4 per cent. The present sudden rise is probably more the result of the increased demand for India, to which quarter it is shipped in large amounts. It is there melted down and coined into rupees of the East India Company.

A Stolen Horse Run to Death.—On the night of the 11th inst., a horse and tilbery valued at $250 were stolen from the stable of Benjamin Deininger, near Palmyra, Lebanon county. The night following the horse was found dead near Hinkletown, in Lancaster co., and about one hundred yards from the same place the tilbery was found. The scoundrel evidently drove the poor animal to death.

Extravagance.—During the past week, balls and parties were given in New York, at which diamonds and emeralds were worn worth $80,000, on the person. Thousand dollar dresses were not uncommon. Dinner parties are spoken of, where ladies appear in cloaks embroidered with pearls

GETTYSBURG:

Monday, December 20, 1852.

☞We are requested to say that the Stores in Fairfield will be closed on Saturday next (Christmas-day).

The Rail Road.

Don't forget the Railroad meeting to be held at the Court-house on to-morrow! It is high time for every man to "put his shoulder to the wheel." We think that such facts and data will be laid before the meeting, which will not only show the importance of the Road, but that it *can* and *must* be made!

Sweney's Springs.

We learn from the Franklin Repository, that the company now engaged in the improvement of this old watering-place, "is pushing forward the work rapidly. The stone work is nearly completed, and arrangements have been made for having the carpenter work done in the very shortest possible time. The necessary fixtures for a steam saw-mill are on the ground, and will be put in operation in a few days. From present indications there is but little doubt about everything being in ample order for the reception of visitors by the middle of June next." The Repository adds—"It will be at once the most capacious and neatest building in this section of the State."

Godey, Graham, and Arthur!

We will furnish one copy of Godey's Lady's Book, and one copy of Graham's Magazine, one year, for $4; or one copy of either of them, and Arthur's Home Gazette or Magazine, for $3 50; or either the Lady's Book, or Graham's Magazine, and the "Sentinel," one year, for $4.

☞The Franklin Repository and Whig, it will be observed by an advertisement in our paper to-day, has entered its sixtieth year. It is an excellent paper, and its Editor a very clever fellow. We wish him abundant success, and hope the old "Repository" may long flourish.

Finances of Pennsylvania.

A statement of the receipts and expenditures of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the year ending 30th November, has just been published in the Harrisburg papers, as furnished by the Auditor General—from which it appears that there is a balance in the Treasury of nearly a million and a half of dollars—sufficient to meet all demands as well as the interest on the State debt, coming due Feb. 1st.

☞Several cases of bold daring robbery again occurred in Baltimore last week. On Tuesday evening, Mr. Hicks, tax collector of Dorchester county, Md., arrived in Baltimore, by the boat, a little after 5 o'clock, when in passing from the wharf at Light street up to Lombard, a rope was thrown around his neck, lime thrown into his eyes, and he was dragged by three men into a little alley, and in a minute or two robbed of $1700 in cash, a draft for $1300, and a gold watch. No clue has yet been had to the robbers. Again, on Wednesday evening, between 5 and 6 o'clock, Mr. Henry Carroll, an officer in the Custom-house, was knocked down, near the tobacco ware-house, on Frederick street dock, and robbed of $630, which he was about to send to St. Mary's county, by steamer. His head was cut by a blow in a severe manner. The city of Baltimore, is now, remarks the National Intelligencer, by universal admission, the great hot-bed of crime and villainy.

☞Hon. Cornelius P. Van Ness, formerly Governor of Vermont, and Minister to Spain, during Gen. Jackson's administration, died at Philadelphia on Wednesday evening, in his 73d year. He has been residing in Washington for the last four years.

☞A meeting of many ladies of the highest rank in England was held at the mansion of the Dutchess of Sutherland, to adopt a memorial to the ladies of this country, relative to the abolition of Slavery.—They had better take the beam out of their own eyes—they can find enough of slavery and degradation in their own dominions to call for their attention. It would be well for them to "sweep before their own door."

☞*Looking Out!*—In consequence of the extraordinary activity evinced at the French Navy Yards, the British Government has resolved to call for an addition of 5,000 men to the Royal Navy.

☞Accounts from Paris mention that negotiations have been going on between England and France, and are nearly completed, for a modification of the Tariff of the two countries.

☞A singular accident occurred on Tuesday night, in Philadelphia, at an Irish wake. The watchers fell asleep, and by accident fire was communicated to a window curtain, and to the covering of the corpse, and the body was considerably burned before the flames were extinguished.

☞Stewart, the New York dry-goods man, it is said, sells eight millions of dollars worth of dry-goods a year, at a profit of six hundred thousand dollars. Large as his business is, it continues to increase with great rapidity [illegible] season.

Periodicals.

☞*Godey's Lady's Book,* for January, has been received. It is a beautiful number, and has a number of excellent articles. There are a great many embellishments—some of which are indeed handsome—The Merry Thought—The Temptation—The First Snow—and Pin-Money and Needle-Money. Mrs. Hentz, Mrs. Hale, Judge Conrad, J. T. Headley, Wm. H. Herbert and others still adorn the pages of Godey, and render his Magazine highly attractive. Mrs. Hentz commences a new tale in this number.

☞*Graham's Magazine,* for January, is on our table—and exceeds by far the most "illustrious of its predecessors." The Heart's Misgivings, and the Coming of Flora are the leading embellishments—but a large number grace the book, and handsomely illustrate its contents. There is a decided improvement in this ever beautiful periodical, as well as an increase in size.

Woodworth's Youth's Cabinet,

Is a periodical published monthly by D. Austin Woodworth, 118 Nassau street, New York, at $1 a year or four copies for $3.—It has 48 pages in each number, embellished with numerous wood engravings. The work is a very excellent one for youth, and well worth the attention of parents and others interested in juvenile reading.

$2,500,000 in Gold from California!

The steamer Illinois arrived at New York on the 12th, from California, bringing 550 passengers, and $2,000,000 gold on freight, and upwards of $100,000 in hands of passengers!

☞Rev. C. P. KRAUTH, jr. of Winchester, Va., who went to the West India Islands to spend the winter for the benefit of the health of his wife, is sojourning at St. Thomas, where, the second day after his arrival, he was invited to take charge of a Dutch Reformed Church, whose pastor had been called to New York by the death of his wife. He accepted the invitation, and will probably spend the winter in that Island.

☞During the sitting of the U. S. Senate, on Tuesday, a parasol dropped from the hand of a lady in the gallery, which fell, point downward, on the head of the Hon. Wm. Pearce, of Maryland, cutting him severely, but not seriously. Mr. P., after some time, resumed his seat in the Senate.

☞The arrivals of gold in England from Australia are immense. Four vessels had arrived within a few days, with upwards of 200,000 ounces of gold—the total value of which is nearly *a million of pounds sterling.*

☞Mr. Greenough, the celebrated sculptor, has become insane, and is now in the Insane Asylum at Somerville, Mass.

☞At Baltimore, one concern in the oyster trade forwards to the West daily, by railroad, eight tons of oysters in cans.—One hundred and fifty persons are constantly employed in opening the shells.

☞There are one hundred and fourteen bridges on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, between Cumberland and Wheeling. One of them is six hundred feet long, and is elevated forty feet above the Monongahela river, which it spans.

☞A correspondent of the London Morning Chronicle writes from Vienna, that Mr. Webster's death will restore relations between Austria and the U. States, and that Mr. Hulsemann will return to Washington.

☞Seven prisoners escaped from the Baltimore jail on Saturday night, Dec. 11, viz: Edward Sludden, charged with the murder of George Zimmerman; Thomas Conner, charged with the murder of Capt. William Hutchinson; Frederick Bloomer, convicted of fraud; George Sprole and Lewis R. King, counterfeiters; and John B. Haskell, indicted for fraud. They escaped with a skeleton key, made of bone, and scaled the jail wall by means of a rope ladder. Four have since been retaken, near Havre de Grace. Those charged with murder, have also since been retaken.

☞The Charleston Courier, in publishing the details of the recent fatal accident on the South Carolina Railroad, by the falling of a culvert, notes the following incident:

A most thrilling scene occurred immediately after the breakdown. A child's voice was heard calling from the bottom of the cars, which had fallen in, "Pa! Pa!" It was covered up with broken plank and the trunks of sixty or seventy passengers. It was the child of the Rev. Mr. Pringle, an Episcopal clergyman, who, in great agony, was wringing his hands, exclaiming, "My poor baby!" and supplicating the Almighty to save his child; and his supplications were heard; for, after a half hour's hard work, his baby was miraculously saved, with scarcely a scratch upon it. Mr. Muldrow, who was also in the same car, escaped uninjured, and Mr. Henry B. DeLorme only had his leg a little bruised.

United States Troops in Texas.—There are at the present time, about 2,000 U. S. troops stationed on the border of Texas.—They generally enjoy good health, and are quite successful in repressing Indian outrages.

ALBANY, Dec. 13.—The Seminary at Richmondville was totally destroyed by fire this morning. The pupils, numbering over 300, were asleep when the fire broke out, but succeeded in escaping with their clothes. Loss above $14,000, which is covered by insurance.

France.

There is nothing important from France. The Empire is progressing steadily.

In the recent election in relation to the Empire, one-seventh of the voters in Paris abstained from voting at all.

The vote for the Empire, according to the public and private accounts, was conducted without any show of enthusiasm, but the returns will undoubtedly show a larger majority than any previous appeal to the people. The returns from eighty-three departments, including the army and navy, make the aggregate of yeas 7,200,000, while the nays are but 250,000.

The official proclamation of the Empire is expected to be made on the 2d Dec.

It is reported that Napoleon will address one manifesto to France, and another to Europe, both essentially pacific. He has already sent a message to the Legislature, stating that the Government will undergo a change of name only.

☞The steamship Niagara, which arrived at Halifax on Friday week, brings one week's later advices from England. In some respects they possess more than ordinary interest. The Ministry have receded from the commercial policy they professed when they went into power, and free-trade has achieved a final triumph, according to the statement of Earl Derby, who announced in the House of Lords that the object of calling Parliament together prior to the Christmas holidays was to close forever the controversy upon the question of protection. Mr. D'Israeli also stated in the House of Commons, that the Administration had never designed to advocate a repeal of the measures of the free traders. Reciprocacy of trade is confidently expected from this Government upon the installation of Mr. Pierce in the Presidency.

☞The news from Mexico is interesting. The revolution is making successful headway under the lead of General Uraga, who had surrounded the Federal troops commanded by General Valdez, and summoned them to surrender. He was being daily reinforced by the people of several States, while the Government party had received none, and had little hope of aid from the capital.

Altered Bank Notes.—Bank bills altered from ones of the Frederick county (Md.) Bank to fives and tens are in circulation.—The alteration is executed with so much skill that the best of judges have taken them. The plate, however, is altogether different from that of the genuine five.—The alterations are made by pasting over the die at the top of the genuine bill a very thin and transparent piece of paper, executed with the greatest nicety, in the same form, with the figure 5 on it. By rubbing this part of the bill between the finger, the edge of the piece pasted on will be perceptible, and the part, from having been glued or pasted, will appear stiffer. The other alterations are made in the same manner by substituting other figures and letters suiting. It is a dangerous note, and one that the public should be particularly cautioned against.

☞The Cholera is raging to a dreadful extent at St. Jago, and in some other towns in that part of Cuba,—private letters from there say that people are dying by hundreds a week. The mortality at St Jago is upwards of sixty a day. This for so small a place is indeed terrible. Accounts widely differ as to the number of deaths; but sixty is the lowest estimate, and some say it is double that number. The white population are said to be the severest sufferers. The grave diggers, it is said, had become panic struck—so that in many melancholy instances the dead were left unburied.

☞In Philadelphia, on Saturday, four of the fire companies of that city were cited before the Court of Quarter Sessions on charges of riot and disorderly behavior preferred against them by the police. The charges being proved against three, the Assistance Engine Company, and the Goodwill and Spring Garden Hose Companies, they were ordered out of service for six months, the Court expressing its determination to enforce the law against all offending companies.

☞A firm in New York has been prosecuted for selling basely adulterated spices. They used yellow ochre in mustard, almost "anything" they turned into ground pepper, cloves, &c., to which were added minerals to sharpen up the taste!

Government Pensioners.—According to the official report just made, it appears that there are now 18,868 persons drawing pensions from the Government, exclusive of navy pensioners. During the past year the number has decreased 743. The amount paid out in pensions since the last report, amounts to about $1,500,000.

☞England could pay her debt, of 100 billions of dollars, in fourteen years, if she would take the pledge, and devote all the money now spent in intoxicating drinks to its liquidation. What a fact! And we have calculated nothing but the mere money spent: not the waste of time, labor, strength, health and life.

Verdict against a Railroad.—In the case of Yarnington and wife against the New Haven Railroad Company, to recover damages for injury sustained by Mrs. Y. during collision of cars, (already referred to,) the Jury, this forenoon, returned a sealed verdict in favor of Plaintiff for $3,500.—*N. Y. Express.*

Sacramento City Destroyed by Fire!

A late arrival from California brings intelligence that the city of Sacramento has been almost entirely destroyed by fire.—Forty blocks of buildings were reduced to ashes, and the loss of property is estimated at *Ten Millions of Dollars!* The number of lives lost was eight or ten, and the number of buildings burnt 2500! The wind was blowing a gale, and the fire commenced fearfully and rapidly. Every public building in the city, with the exception of the Court-house, was destroyed. Three hundred and fifty buildings, many of them brick, have been erected within nine days after the fire, and a hundred more going up rapidly. The fire occurred on the evening of the 14th Nov. Not less than ten thousand of the population of Sacramento were left houseless and homeless. A Sacramento paper says:

Numerous squatters have already taken their places among the ruins, and some difficulty is anticipated between them and the rightful owners. For the last two nights, crowds of sufferers have slept on the Levee, in the open air; others, more fortunate, have secured places on the floors of the few buildings saved. One gentleman who arrived in town on yesterday, slept for two nights on a matress, with six others. The streets are almost impassable, with the clouds of smoke and cinders that fly in dense masses, absolutely blinding the passers. The Levee is heaped up promiscuously with goods and burnt remnants rescued from the flames, all more or less injured. Provisions are extremely scarce, all, or nearly all the supplies, coming from San Francisco.

Hundreds were flocking in from the mines, and sick with the sad spectacle, turned about and retraced their steps, preferring the chances of a life in the mountains to living amid such a scene of desolation.—Numbers of Indians, Sonorians and Chinese were in town, wandering about the streets and seaching for articles of value among the ruins.

The general feeling appears to be a determination to rebuild the city on a splendid scale, and in such a manner and of such materials as will ensure it from another disaster of like nature.

☞There were also destructive fires at San Francisco and Marysville, (Cal.) on the 24th ult. The loss in each city was about $100,000. There had been fire among the grain fields in the Napa Valley, doing damage to the amount of $75,000, and another among the farms in Calaveras county.

☞The improvements throughout the State of California are progressing rapidly. A line of telegraph between San Francisco and Marysville has been commenced, and a company has been organized for the construction of a railroad.

☞The vote polled in California at the Presidential election was over 70,000—and the majority for Pierce and King nearly 5,000. The entire Democratic State ticket was chosen, including McDougall and Latham for Congress. In the Legislature, the Democrats have 20 out of 27 Senators, and upwards of two thirds of the Assembly.

☞It is estimated that the losses by fire in California during the last three years, amount to $66,000,000! The State Journal, however, considers the estimate fifty per cent. too high.

Dreadful Earthquake in China.—In a late number of the Pekin Gazette there appears an account of a terrible earthquake, that occurred a few months ago, in the province of Kan suh, in the northwest of China. The shocks commenced in the city of Chung-wei and its neighborhood on the 26th of May last, and were repeated many times during a space of fifteen days from that date. The devastation and loss of life caused was frightful. Upwards of three hundred persons were killed; more than 400 seriously hurt, and several thousand houses destroyed. The public offices, granaries, prisons, and also the ramparts of the city, were thrown down.

A Mexican Earthquake.—The Trait d'Union says that on the 25th of October, at the town of Abaxotla, State of Guerrero, the earth opened and swallowed six houses, trees, &c. The paper does not state whether any lives were lost with the houses, but the earth has sunk about six feet for the space of three hundred feet square.

☞Cast iron pavements are being laid in Boston. The pavement is of a novel character, composed of circular boxes of cast iron, about twelve inches in diameter, and five inches in height, divided into six compartments, so small as not to admit the hoof of a horse.

☞Twenty millions of dollars are now paid, annually, by the United States to Cuba for her productions, and, of this, only about six millions are paid for in produce of this country and goods; the balance in specie and bills on London.

☞The Cumberland, Md., Journal says—

The National Road and Good Intent Stage Companies, in view of the completion of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad, (where a large amount of their stock has recently been employed,) and the early opening of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Wheeling, are about to transfer their coaches and teams to North Carolina, where they have found employment for them. A daily line will still run over the National Road and Plank Road to the west.

☞The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad to Wheeling is to be opened on the 31st inst., and the President and his Cabinet, and the Governors of Maryland, Virginia, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, have been invited to attend and participate in the ceremonies.

The Tariff—More Reduction.

As we anticipated, the election of Pierce has given a still stronger impulse to Free Trade, and a consequent depression to the protective policy. During the week in which Congress has been in session, the only question discussed in the lower House, has been a proposition to reduce the present Tariff. From the discussion we apprehend that nothing will be done with the Tariff law the present session; but the ground is taken that will lead to a remodeling of the Tariff to approximate nearer the Free Trade level, at the next Congress.

Now we are opposed and ever shall be opposed to such a policy, for we believe that a protective policy is the true policy, the one most conductive to the best interests of the people, and the permanent prosperity of the country. But public sentiment having apparently decided at the recent Presidential election, in favor of Free Trade, we expect to see the experiment fairly tried.—But we protest against a "Revenue Tariff," unless used as a protection. Any impost tax, except it be laid to protect the labor of our own country, is an imposition upon the poor, who are thus obliged to pay more than their portion for the support of Government. Either let us have Protection or Free Trade; all half way measures are to be repelled and denounced. They are oppressive to the poor, without producing any beneficial results.

We are receiving large amounts of gold from California, which might be retained amongst us if our own manufactures were properly protected; but the advocates of Free Trade hold it to be more expedient to send it to England to pay for English labor, and to strengthen a Monarchial Government for which locofoco politicians and people of this country appear to have taken a strong affection. Queen Victoria is greatly pleased to find this disposition in the American *Democracy!* to promote her interests at the expense of their own.

What if our factories should lie idle, and be thrown out of employment—English operatives benefit by this condition of things, and the English government is enabled to extend her conquests in India, and to hold Ireland with a tighter hand. We say, then, let the protective policy be abandoned, if it is the will of the people, and that will is supreme in this country. Let English tailors make our clothes, and English workmen supply us with all our articles of wearing apparel. This seems to be the wish of the working classes, as well as of the politicians of the United States; and we are willing that they shall be gratified. But we hope, that, whilst thus contributing to elevate English power and prosperity, at the expense of their own, we shall hear no more of the tyranny of the British government, or of the duty of the United States to labor for the propagation of republican principles. We cannot consistently assist and curse at the same moment. We have resolved to help England by adopting the policy which suits her interests, and we should not do it grudgingly. The time may arrive when those who are now supporting free trade will once more cry out for protection; but those who willfully furnish the stick to break their own heads, should not be pitied when they cry over a cracked skull.—*Harr. Tel.*

The One-Man Power Threatened.—Messrs. Avery, Strange, and other Democratic leaders in the North Carolina House of Commons, during the debate on the Land Resolutions, announced that "Gen. Pierce *would certainly* VETO *a bill to distribute the proceeds of the Public Lands amongst the States—that he was* PLEDGED *to do so.*" Is the legislation of Congress to be thus forestalled? Were the people of the State told of this by these leaders in the late campaign? Were they apprised of this *pledge* of Gen. Pierce to shut the door against us when applying for our just rights? What do those who voted for the Land Resolutions think of this pledge to lend a deaf ear to their just demands on the Government? When, since the days of the Stuarts, would a King of England have made such an announcement to the Parliament? Let not the friends of distribution be intimidated by such threats. If he does *veto* such a bill, Locofocoism will have its death-blow in this State.—*Raleigh Register.*

☞Senator Clement's resolution to confer the title of Lieutenant General upon Gen. Scott, meets with very general approbation, by Democratic as well as Whig journals, as a compliment. The Boston Post says that Democrats can heartily join in this testimonial to an old veteran, as expressive of the sense entertained of his patriotism and valor. It was political opinion which they contended against, and not the military excellence of Gen. Scott; and though political duty compelled them to oppose with all their strength, the unwise attempt to place him in a sphere for which, in their judgment, his previous training had unfitted him, yet now that the contest is ended, they will see with pleasure a deserved compliment bestowed on him as with the united voice of the public.

Secretary of State.—We learn from Washington that the nomination of Hon. Edward Everett, as Secretary of State, was on Thursday communicated to the Senate; and it gratifies us to state that the nomination was unanimously confirmed, at the instance of distinguished men of both parties, without the usual formality of a day's delay and a reference to a committee.

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PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

THE subscriber, Executor of WALTER SMITH, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, the following Valuable Real Estate:

On Wednesday the 22d of December, inst.,

On the premises, the following Lots:

No. 1. A Lot of Ground, containing 7 Acres, in Cumberland township, near Borough Line, adjoining lots of James P. M'Conaughy, and others.

No. 2. A Lot of Ground, containing 8 Acres, in the Borough of Gettysburg, having a short alley to High street, and adjoining lots of George Little and others.

No. 3. A Lot of Ground, containing 7½ Acres, on Long Lane, and adjoining No. 5, and lots of George Codori and Robert Smith.

No. 4. A Lot of Ground, containing 12 Acres and 129 perches, on lane leading to Middle Street, and adjoining lands of David McMillan and others.

ALSO—On Thursday the 23d Dec. inst.,

At 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,

A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, adjoining lands of John and Wm. Orr, Heirs of Samuel Knox, deceased, Joseph Kerr, Wm. White and others, lying (on a public road) one mile west of M'Ilhenny's mill, containing

290 ACRES,

more or less, on which are erected a Two story WELLING HOUSE, Log Barn, Sheds, and other out buildings. On this Tract there are about 70 Acres of choice TIMBER LAND and 30 Acres of good Meadow. There is a well of water at the door, and a never-failing stream of running water on the Farm. There is a Limestone within 2 miles.

ALSO, at the same time,

A TRACT OF MOUNTAIN LAND,

situate in Hamiltonban township, adjoining lands of Maria Furnace and David Sheets, and lying on a public road, and containing 36 ACRES, more or less.

☞ Attendance will be given and terms made known on day of sale by

ROBERT SMITH,
Ex'r of Walter Smith, dec'd.

Dec. 6 — 4t

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the ADMINISTRATION ACCOUNTS of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on *Tuesday the 21st day of December next*, viz:

☞ The first and final account of Jesse Cline, one of the Executors of John Cline, deceased.

☞ The first and final account of Christian Shriver and Lewis Shriver, Administrators of George L. Shriver, deceased, who was Guardian of the persons and estate of Isaac Thomas Shriver, George W. Shriver, and Maria Catharine Shriver, minor children of the said George L. Shriver, deceased.

DANIEL PLANK, *Register.*

Register's Office, Gettysburg, Nov 22, 1852. — 4t

At an Orphans' Court,

HELD at Gettysburg, in and for the County of Adams, on the 15th day of November, A. D. 1852, before ROBERT J. FLEMING, Esq. President, and SAMUEL R. RUSSELL and JOHN McGHEY, Esquires, Associates, Judges, &c., assigned, &c.

On Motion, the Court grant a Rule on all the heirs and legal representatives of JACOB FICKES, late of Huntington township, deceased, viz: Sarah Fickes, (widow) Mary Fickes, Lydia intermarried with Andrew Carothers, Eli Fickes, Ann, intermarried with Benjamin K. Peffer, Margaret, intermarried with Franklin Myers, Sebastian Fickes, Rosanna Fickes, Ellen Fickes, and Sarah Elizabeth Fickes, the last two of whom are minors, and have for their Guardian Benjamin K. Peffer, to be and appear at an Orphans' Court to be held at Gettysburg, *on Tuesday the 21st day of December next*, (for said County of Adams) to accept or refuse to accept, the real estate of said deceased, at the valuation made thereof; and also, should the same not be taken by said heirs, then to show cause why the same should not be sold, agreeably to the intestate laws of this Commonwealth. Notice to be served personally upon all the persons interested, residing in Adams county, twenty days before said Court—and notice to the heirs out of the County by publication in one newspaper, published in Gettysburg, for three successive weeks, and a number of said paper to be sent to Andrew Carothers and wife, directed to Olena Post office, Henderson county, Illinois; and also to Eli Fickes, and Benjamin K. Peffer, and wife, directed to Carlisle, Cumberland county, Pa., twenty days prior to said Court.

By the Court,
EDEN NORRIS, *Clerk.*

Nov. 29. — 3t

Notice to Creditors.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas for the County of Adams, for the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and they have appointed *Tuesday the 21st of December next*, at 10 o'clock, A. M., to hear me and my creditors, at the Court House in the Borough of Gettysburg—when and where you may attend if you see proper.

SAMUEL A. COOLEY.

Tyrone township, Nov. 22. — 3t

LAND WARRANT LOST.

SOMETIME in the month of September last, the subscriber lost a LAND WARRANT, granted to him under the Act of Sept. 28th, 1850, numbered 12,397, for 160 Acres, and bearing date on the 3d January, 1852. It is my intention to apply to the Commissioner of Pensions for a Duplicate of said Warrant, and all persons are hereby cautioned against improperly using the above named Warrant, which was lost out of my possession as I have entered a Caveat in the General Land Office, to prevent the issuing of a patent to a fraudulent claimant.

DANIEL BROUGHTON.

Nov. 8. — 6t

Six Cents Reward.

RAN away from the subscriber, residing in Littlestown, Pa., Adams county, on Wednesday the 24th inst., SAMUEL DEARDORFF, an Indented Apprentice to the Shoe and Boot making business. I hereby warn all persons from harboring or trusting him on my account. The above reward will be given for his return, and no thanks.

FELIX B. DANNER.

Dec. 4. — 3t

Wanted Immediately,

AN APPRENTICE

TO THE MILLERING BUSINESS.

A young man not less than 18 years of age, would be preferred. Apply to the subscriber, at Trostle's Mill, on Marsh creek.

J. W. WEIGLE.

Oct. 25 — tf

FAHNESTOCK'S will sell Black and Fancy Cloths and Cassimeres, Satin, Silk and Fancy VESTINGS, Gloves, Cambrics, and Hosiery Yarn, cheaper than they can be had elsewhere. Give them a call at the Sign of the Red Front.

Oct 19

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FLEMING, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the said district and SAMUEL R. RUSSELL and JOHN M'GHEY, Esqs. Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept bearing date the 17th day of November, in the year of our LORD one thousand eight hundred and fifty-two, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on *Monday the 17th of January next*—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, and to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

JOHN SCOTT, *Sheriff.*

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Dec. 13, 1852. — 1c

☞ *THE RICHEST AND MOST VARIED ASSORTMENT OF*

FANCY GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PLACE,

HAS just been received by SCHICK, and is now opening at his Store in South Baltimore street. The public are invited to call and examine goods and prices, both of which cannot but please, he feels fully assured. Among his stock will be found

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,

such as Silks, Satins, Poplins, Tissues, Bereges, Berege de Laines, Lawns, Alpacas, Bombazines, Ginghams, Swiss, Jaconet and Cambric Muslins, and Calicoes in great variety. Also,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

Satinets, Tweeds, Cottonades, Nankeens, Linen Check, Vestings, of all sorts, &c. In short his stock is very large, and embraces all in his line.

☞ Call and judge for yourselves—no trouble to show goods.

April 12. — tf

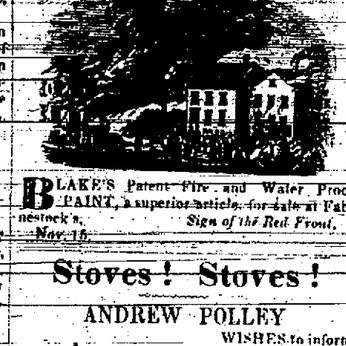
WEBSTER & YINGLING,

(Successors to A. J. Rider,)

WESTMINSTER HOTEL
AND
STAGE OFFICE,

Corner of Main and Court Streets,
WESTMINSTER

May 24 — tf



BLAKE'S Patent Fire and Water Proof PAINT, a superior article, for sale at Fahnestock's.

Sign of the Red Front.

Nov. 15.

Stoves! Stoves!

ANDREW POLLEY

WISHES to inform the Public that he has the handsomest and largest lot of PARLOR and COOKING STOVES that has ever been in this market, and will sell Cooking Stoves as low as $20 a piece. Also on hand a large lot of COPPER KETTLES.

Sept. 6 — tf

DAGUERREOTYPES.

Good Likenesses as Low as $1.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he has opened a permanent Daguerreotype Gallery, in the house formerly kept as a Temperance house in Chambersburg street, a few doors from the Diamond, where he is prepared, at all times, and in all weathers, to take

DAGUERREOTYPES,

in the best style, of all sizes and kinds, and at the lowest rates. If my pictures do not give satisfaction, *there will be no charge.*

☞ Give me a call.

SAMUEL WEAVER.

Gettysburg, May 17. — 1y

A WORD TO FARMERS.

☞ I WISH TO PURCHASE

15 TONS OF HAY,

for which I will pay the highest price in Cash, as soon as delivered.

H. D. WATTLES.

Gettysburg, Nov. 22. — 3t

TO ARMS! TO ARMS!—A general assortment of Revolvers, Bowie and Hunting Knives, Pistols, can be had at SAMSON'S.

SUB-SOIL PLOUGHS,

OF the best quality, always on hand, and for sale, in Gettysburg, at the Foundry of

T. WARREN & SON.

MONKEY JACKETS—A good and cheap article to be found at the one-price Store of SAMSON.

Oct. 4.

BONNETS, Ribbons, Parasols, Fans, &c. just received and for sale cheap, at

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS'.

May 12.

BONNETS, Jenny Lind, China Pearl, Hair and Lace, Hair and Gimps and various other styles, with Misses Lace and Gipseys, at

A. B. KURTZ'S.

April 14.

FOR Gentlemen's Wear, SCHICK has opened a splendid assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Tweeds, Jeans &c., &c. Call and see for yourselves, and you will confess that cheaper goods you never saw.

FANS—FANS—A large assortment just received at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.

PARASOLS and UMBRELLAS, a large and varied assortment. ☞ Call at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner. [April 14.

SWISS and Muslin Edgings and Insertings, Flouncing, Chemisettes, French Worked and Thread Collars, and Fine Embroidered Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

Oct. 18.

GLOVES—Mens' Black and Fancy Gravats, Ladies' Shoes, Cloth and Plush Capes, cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

BLACK Silk, Black Silk Lace and Fringe, a new supply just received and for sale very cheap, at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 3.

COME along and see a fresh assortment of PARASOLS at SAMSON'S, one door south of Rosenstock's Drug Store, Baltimore street. Parasols from the cheapest to the most costly.

Oct. 25.

QUEENSWARE, Tableware, Glassware, and Dye stuff, cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

NEW GOODS,

AND PLENTY OF THEM,

AT the store of the Two Extremes, at the Old Stand, two doors below the Post Office in Chambersburg street.—If you wish to save your money, come and buy your HATS, CAPS, BOOTS and SHOES, at W. W. PAXTON'S Establishment. He buys his goods with great care, and is prepared to offer bargains. Call and judge for yourselves.

HE HAS FOR GENTLEMEN,

Calf, Kip, and Heavy Boots, of the best quality—prices from $1 75 to $3 75. Calf, Kip, and Coarse Men's, from $1 to $2. Slippers, gaiters, &c., do.

FOR LADIES,

Fine Lasting Gaiters, Half Gaiters, Morocco Shoes, Jenny Lind Style, Jefferson Slippers, &c., Morocco Gaiters, Misses Boots and Shoes.

Also, Boys' and Children's Boots and Shoes, of every variety, a very large assortment, to suit all persons. Also Trunks and Traveling Bags.

Also, Russia and Beaver Hats, of all kinds; a very fine article of new style Moleskin Hat; Kossuth and Non-Intervention Hats, and a great variety of Fur and Wool Slouch Hats, from 50 cts. to $2 00.

Come one—come all.

W. W. PAXTON.

Oct. 18. — tf

India Rubber Gloves, Mittens, &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS, in making their purchases, should not neglect these desirable and saleable articles. Their manufacture has been much improved recently and they are made very durable. Particular attention is requested to the

Wool Lined Gloves and Mittens.

They are indispensable in cold and wet weather. Ladies will find these Gloves useful in any work that will soil the hands, at the same time that they will cure the worst Salt Rheum or Chapped Hands immediately. They are made all lengths to protect the arms and wrists.

For sale by Wilcox, Billings & Co. 3 Church Alley, Phila., Goodyear's 63 Chestnut street, do. J. & H. Phillips, Pittsburg, Pa. Falconer & Haskell, Baltimore, Md. H. W. Shiffer, Charleston, S. C. Burt & Hickcox, Cincinnati, Ohio, and by all Rubber Dealers in the Union.

For sale at retail by Country Merchants generally.

Nov. 22. — 3m

WINTER IS COMING,

AND Jew Arnold is ready for him; his Clothing Store is as usual filled with a large variety of ready made clothing of the best styles and qualities, suitable for Winter wear, such as Dress Coats, Overcoats, Sack Coats, Pantaloons, Vests, Monkey Jackets, Currying Shirts, &c.; all of which he will sell cheaper than the same quality can be purchased any where else in the county; Also, on hand and for sale a great variety of Cloths, Cassimeres and Satinetts, of every style and of the best qualities, from which he will have men's and boy's clothing of all descriptions made by the best of workmen and at the shortest notice.

Sept. 30. — tf

LADIES!

I have just received a very large lot of M. DE LAINES, which I will sell cheaper than any other house in the County. Call and examine them, as it is no trouble to show goods.—

☞ KURTZ'S *Cheap Corner* is the place to get bargains.

Oct 4.

Ready-made Clothing.

SKELLY & HOLLEBAUGH have on hand a variety of Ready-made Clothing, embracing Black Cloth Coats, Tweed Coats, Overcoats, Monkey Jackets, fancy and plain black Cassimere and Satinet Pantaloons; Satin, cloth and fancy vests; all of which will be disposed of at the lowest living rates. Call and see.

STILL AHEAD!

SHAWLS, in great variety, and at nearly all prices, can be had at SCHICK'S. Ladies, your attention is invited to the assortment, confident that the taste of every one can be suited.

Nov. 1. — tf

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS

ARE now opening the largest, prettiest and best selected STOCK OF GOODS ever before offered.

☞ Call and examine at the

Oct. 4. *Sign of the Red Front.*

A word to the wise is sufficient.

LADIES—if you want to buy the cheapest, best, and cheapest LONG SHAWLS in town, come to KURTZ'S Cheap Corner, as you will find there the largest assortment in the county.

Oct. 4.

TRUNKS! TRUNKS!

I have just received a large lot of *Good* Trunks which I will sell cheap. A. ARNOLD.

Bonnets and Dress Goods.

AN additional supply of Gimp and Straw Bonnets, Berage de Laine, Poplins, and Dotted Swiss for Ladies' Dresses, just received and for sale cheap at FAHNESTOCK'S,

April 26 — *Sign Red Front.*

BONNETS & BONNET RIBBONS.

LADIES, if you wish to see a large and beautiful assortment of Bonnets and Bonnet Ribbons, call at SCHICK'S.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.

ANOTHER Stock of Dress Silks, Poplins, Bereege de Laines, Bereges, and Mouse de Laines, handsome and cheap, at

May 12. — FAHNESTOCKS'.

DRESS GOODS.

SCHICK'S Stock of Ladies' Dress Goods can't be beat! It embraces Silks and Satins, Bombazines, Cashmeres, De Laines, De Baiges, Alpacas, Ginghams, Calicoes, &c. Give him a call.

Nov. 1. — tf

REMEMBER that to get cheap Guitars, Violins, Accordions, Shirts and Shirt Collars, Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Window Shades, Clocks, and Jewelry of every kind, call at SAMSON'S.

LOOK HERE!

HOSIERY, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Collars Edgings and Laces, Bobinets, Book & Mull Muslins, Irish Linen, Black Silk Lace and Fringes &c &c, to be had in great variety at

SCHICK'S.

April 12

QUEENSWARE and GROCERIES in every variety and cheap at

FAHNESTOCKS'.

May 12

BEAUTIFUL Fall Styles of Goods for Ladies Wear, embracing every variety, just opened and for sale at astonishingly low prices, at SCHICK'S.

BONNET Silk and Velvet, also a beautiful stock of Ribbons for sale cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S

Oct 19

HOLD HOP Travellers, remember as you go along, that SAMSON has on hand and for sale Trunks, Traveling Trunks, and Carpet Bags for Ladies and Gentlemen, and at prices that you will think impossible. Oct. 4.

499 MEN WANTED to purchase a superior lot of Black, Blue, and Fancy-colored French, English and American Cloth, Drab and Fancy Cassimeres. These coats are well made, all we ask of you is to come and judge for ourselves. Remember the place is SAMSON'S one-price Store opposite the Bank. Oct. 4.

S. FAHNESTOCK & SONS would respectfully inform the Public that their Stock of HARDWARE and SADDLERY has been greatly increased and bargains can be had. Call and examine their stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Oct 26.

QUEENSWARE, Tableware, Glassware, and Dye stuff, cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

THE Subscribers would respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have opened a NEW HARDWARE STORE in Baltimore street, adjoining the residence of DAVID ZIEGLER, Gettysburg, in which they are opening a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Iron, Steel,
GROCERIES,
CUTLERY, COACH TRIMMING
Springs, Axles, Saddlery,
CEDAR WARE, SHOE FINDINGS,
Paints, Oils, & Dye-Stuffs,

in general, including every description of articles in the above line of business—to which they invite the attention of Coach makers, Blacksmiths, Carpenters, Cabinetmakers, Shoemakers, Saddlers, and the public generally.

Our Stock having been selected with great care, and purchased for Cash, we guarantee (for the ready money,) to dispose of any part of it on as reasonable terms as they can be purchased any where.

☞ We particularly request a call from our friends, and earnestly solicit a share of public favor, as we are determined to establish a character for selling Goods at low prices, and doing business on fair principles.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, June 9. — tf

NEW ARRIVAL
At the Farmers' Cheap Store.

A. B. KURTZ has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a large and very desirable lot of

GOODS.

He would invite the attention of the LADIES to his complete assortment of Dress Silks, Berege de Laine, very rich styles, Silk Poplins, Plain and Figured Alpaccas, new style, Mous. de Laines Lawns, Silk Tissue, Berege, plain and figured, &c. Also, Ginghams, Checks, Muslins, Tickings, Sheeting, Calicoes, &c. &c.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.

Cloth, Cassimere, Summer Cloths and Vestings, in great variety; also, Linen & Cotton Pant Stuff, at all prices; a very handsome assortment of Goods for BOYS' WEAR.

CARPETING.

A very large lot of Carpeting, varying in price from 12½ to $1.00. Call and look at it, if you want to buy or not—no trouble to show our Goods.

QUEENSWARE.

Our assortment of Queensware is admitted to be the cheapest in the County. I am receiving a large addition to my former stock—Glassware of every description direct from the manufacturers.

GROCERIES—GROCERIES.

A very large assortment of Groceries—the best Sugar and Ivory Coffee in town; also, Molasses, Teas, Pepper, Starch, Spices, &c.—all very cheap.

☞ Wanted in exchange for Goods, Butter, Lard, Rags, Eggs, Ham, Sides, Shoulders, &c.—for which the highest market price will be given.

☞ If you want to save your money, call at

KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.

Oct. 4. — tf

"ANOTHER CHANGE"

OF the seasons is about to take place, and with it many a change in the Styles, Fashions and quantities of LADIES AND GENTLEMENS' APPAREL. But many and great as these changes will be, JEW ARNOLD is, as usual, prepared to accommodate all who will "button up" in the approach of Winter, or bow at the mandates of the Tyrant of Fashion. Having just returned from the eastern cities, with the largest, cheapest and best selected Stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

ever before offered in this TOWN or COUNTY, he invites "all the World and the rest of mankind, to call, examine, and by all means buy—almost "without money and without price," of his large and well selected stock of PLAIN & FASHIONABLE, LADIES and GENTLEMENS' Dress Goods, consisting in part of Black, Brown, Blue, and Olive Cloths, assorted Felt, Fancy Beaver, London, Drab and Petersham Cloth for Overcoats, Black, Plain, and Fancy Cassimeres, Black and Fancy Satinetts, Velvet Cords, Buckskin Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Black Satin, Fancy Silk and Woolen Vestings, Linseys, Flannels, Cloakings, &c. &c. also

FOR LADIES WEAR,

Black and changeable Dress Silks, Black Alpacas, Fancy and Black Mous de Laines, Cashmeres, Prints, Ginghams, &c. &c.; also, a large lot of Shawls just received, and will be sold cheaper than can be bought at any other house in town. Call and see for yourselves.

Sept. 20. — tf

Skelly & Hollebaugh,

THANKFUL for past favors, respectfully inform their friends and the public, that they continue the TAILORING business, at the old stand, and solicit a continuance of the public's patronage. Garments made in the shortest time possible. ☞ The New York and Philadelphia *Fall and Winter Fashions* have just been received.

Oct. 20.

Carpets and Matting.

FAHNESTOCKS have just received and will sell very cheap, the largest stock of Venitian and Ingrain Carpeting, 4-4, 5-4, and 6-4 white and colored Matting, Druggets, Linen Floor Cloth, Oil Carpets & Oil Stair Cloth, ever before offered.

April 26 — SIGN RED FRONT.

LADIES' SHOES.

THE attention of the Ladies is particularly directed to the large and splendid Stock of Slippers, Buskins, Jenny Lind Shoes—of all qualities and exceedingly low at

May 12. — FAHNESTOCKS'.

GENTLEMEN who may need a superfine SUNDAY, or even a WEDDING SUIT, can be accommodated to their advantage by calling at SAMSON'S.

BONNET Ribbons, Florence Silk, and Silk Leese, all colors, just received at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 31

SCYTHES, Snaths and Rubbers, a new lot just received and for sale cheap, at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

May 31

RIBBONS, Collars, Lace and Edgings, Gloves Hosiery, &c., suited to every taste, at

KURTZ'S.

April 14

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!

rich lot just received and for sale cheap at

SCHICK'S.

April 12

COUNTERPANES, white twill, for sale very low, at *Kurtz's Cheap Corner.*

SHAWLS, Sacking, Flannels, Fringes, and Dress Trimmings in great variety, and cheap at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

CARPETING, and Floor Oil Cloth can be had very low at A. B. KURTZ.

BLANKETS, Flannels of every price and color, and Domestics of every description cheap, at

FAHNESTOCK'S.

A large lot of Groceries and Queensware, just received at the cheap store of

Sept 20. — A. ARNOLD.

FANCY Goods, Ribbons, Hosiery, Gloves, Neck & Worked Collars, Edgings, Laces, and a thousand or more articles in the same line, as low and cheaper than ever at SCHICK'S.

Nov. 1.

GOLDEN GLOVES, PISTOLS and a large assortment of CUTLERY, as cheap as the cheapest, at SAMSON'S.

BUTCHERING.

THE subscriber having lately commenced the Butchering business, in the Borough of Gettysburg, respectfully informs his friends that he is at all times ready to supply them with fresh meat, of the usual varieties, such as Beef, Veal, Mutton, Lamb, &c. His slaughter house is upon the corner of Washington and Railroad streets. Thankful for the liberal encouragement hitherto received, he respectfully solicits a continuance of the public patronage.

☞ Persons having live stock to dispose of will please call upon the undersigned, who will pay the highest market price for the same.

ROBERT HAMERSLY.

Sept. 20. — tf

2,000 LADIES

ARE willing to certify that the HATHAWAY COOKING STOVE is the very best Stove now in use, inasmuch as they will do more Cooking, Roasting and Baking, and do it with less labor, and last as long again as any other stove now sold. These celebrated stoves are constantly kept for sale at a very reduced price, at the

GETTYSBURG FOUNDRY
AND MACHINE SHOP,

Where the subscribers, feeling determined to suit all persons, have also the Parlor, Sexton's Baltimore Air-tight, Peakskell, and Cabinet Cook Stove, and Air-tight and ten plate Parlor Stoves of the most beautiful patterns.

The Seyler Ploughs,

which cannot be surpassed for lightness of draught or in the character of their work, are constantly on hand for sale, and in view of the fact that the Mouldboard of these Ploughs is one fourth heavier than that of other ploughs, it is decidedly the cheapest that can be obtained.

☞ WITHEROW PLOUGHS and others, Castings for the Woodcock Plough, Wind mill machinery, Castings and Hollow ware, with every article usually made at Foundries can be obtained here.

☞ Blacksmithing and Shoe Making as usual.

T. WARREN & SON.

Dec. 15. — tf

Adam Wm. Rapp's

PATENTED SCIENTIFIC

Niche Gold Pens,

Embracing all the properties contained in the finest gold pen, in addition to which the durability of the Metals are combined and fully associated and developed.

1852.

THE following highly respectable Testimonials and Recommendations are submitted to the Public:—

Having tried ADAM WM. RAPP'S Patent Scientific Niche Gold Pen, the undersigned take great pleasure in recommending it to the Public as the greatest improvement in Metallic Pens that has met our attention.

His Excellency, William Bigler, Gov. of Penna.
His Excellency, C. Louis Lowe, do. Maryland.
Prof. Hart, Principal of Cen. High School, Phila.
Right Rev. Bishop A. Potter, Philadelphia.
Rev. Charles Wadsworth, do.
Rev. W. B. Edwards, Washington City.
Rev. C. K. Nelson, Annapolis, Md.
Rev. J. Street, Philad. Rev. D. W. Bartine, Phila.
Rev. De Witt, Harrisburg. Rev. Cyn. Harrisburg.
Rev. C. A. Hay, do. Rev. J. F. Mesick, do.
W. Rawle, Esq., Phila. Judge Booth, Delaware.
Hon. J. R. Chandler, do. R. Vaux, Esq., do.
Clark Hare, Esq., do. Wm. Neal, do.
Isaiah Hacker, do. G. W. Walloston, do.
Alderman Ash, do. Wm. S. Price, do.
James M. Cassady, Esq., Camden, New Jersey.
T. W. Mullord, Esq., do. do.
A. Crowning, Esq., do. do.
W. N. Jeffries, Esq., do. do.
D. Green, Washington. M. Miller, Washington.
E. Howard, M. D. do. L. Rudolph, do.
R. Smith, Esq., do. W. P. Elliott, do.
Editors National Intelligencer, Washington City.
Editors Maryland State Capitol Gazette.
Editors Washington Republic.
Editors Philadelphia Public Ledger.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The subscriber having purchased the property known as the Mechanics Banking House, S. E. corner of 2nd and Chestnut streets, for his future business Establishment, intends keeping a large and complete assortment of every variety of texture and size of

ADAM WM. RAPP'S
LATELY PATENTED SCIENTIFIC
NICHE GOLD PENS,

Gold and Silver PENCILS and PEN HOLDERS, of every variety, Wholesale and Retail. In addition thereto, I have on hand Rapp's last edition of SCIENTIFIC PENMANSHIP and PEN MAKING, in various bindings.

JAMES BARBER,
General Sole Agent for Adam Wm. Rapp's Patented Scientific Niche Gold Pens, S. E. corner 2nd and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia. — 1y

JAMES BARBER'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CLOCK & TIME-PIECE ESTABLISHMENT,
SOUTHEAST CORNER SECOND & CHESTNUT STS.,
PHILADELPHIA.

WHERE may be found a large and splendid assortment of the best modern Improved Eight Day and Thirty Hour Brass and Alarm Clocks, and Time Pieces, suitable for Churches, Halls, Hotels, Steamboats, Railroad Cars, Parlors, Offices, Bed Rooms, Kitchens, &c., which will be sold in lots to suit Purchasers, from one to One Thousand, at the lowest cash prices.

N. B.—Clocks of all kinds Repaired and Warranted. Clock Trimmings of every description constantly for sale.

May 3. — 1y

READ! READ!! READ!!!

☞ *Relief for Man and Beast!*

THE HORSEMAN'S HOPE, OR

FARMER'S FRIEND.

ARRANGEMENTS are now made for supplying the public with this great remedy, which has been used with wonderful success by those who have had an opportunity of testing its virtues. No family should neglect to have a supply, and all persons would do well to keep some by them to be used in case of accident to Man or Horse.

For Horses, &c.—For the cure of Sprains, Bruises, Saddle and Collar Galls, Swelled Joints, Stiffness and Weakness of the Legs, Old Sores, Scratches, &c. &c.

For Man.—For the cure of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Swellings, Bruises, Sciatic Pains, Stiffness and Weakness of the Limbs—and other accidents and afflictions to which men and animals are liable.

Prepared only by SMITH and ATKINSON, 288 Baltimore street, Baltimore—and for sale by SAMUEL H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.

☞ This preparation has been before the public a sufficient time to have its merits fairly tested, and the reports received from various parts of the country, prove it to be one of the most valuable remedies ever offered, both for Man and Horse.

Great Medicine for Worms in Children & others.

SMITH & ATKINSON'S
AMERICAN WORM-KILLER.

THIS Medicine has been manufactured by SMITH & ATKINSON for several years, and has been used with great success by Physicians and others, in various parts of the United States, many thousand bottles have been sold, and the universal approval it has met with in all quarters where it has been introduced, proves that it needs only a trial to satisfy the most incredulous of its great value, the size of the bottle has been enlarged, so that it is one of the *cheapest* as well as most valuable Worm Medicines ever offered to the public, and a person buying this article gets the full value of his money in quantity as well as quality, which is a fact well worth remembering.

Be careful to ask for SMITH & ATKINSON'S American Worm Killer, and see that the name of SMITH & ATKINSON is on the Bottle, as none other is genuine.

For sale by SAMUEL H. BUEHLER, Gettysburg.

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DELIVERED in all the principal cities in the United States, Free of Postage, and forwarded by mail, under the provisions of the late Post Office Law, at merely nominal rates.

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Dec. 13.

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LADIES' DRESS GO